

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XVI.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1882.

NO. 17

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Good Morning!

You can get bargains in fine carpets at Abel & Locke's.

Farmers report that the wheat in this county looks well.

The military company at Pekin has been disbanded.

Friday night the Prof. Goodman orchestra will play for a fashionable dancing party at Clement.

The bond of a coroner is \$5,000 half the amount required to be given by the sheriff.

Call on Abel & Locke for weather strips, door mats and stylish oil cloth.

The latest news from the hunting party at Peach Orchard, Ark., is that they have not yet killed a deer.

Good Morning!

The ladies of the Christian church will serve dinner and supper at the tabernacle on Thanksgiving day.

Does the cold air blow in through your doors and windows? Stop it, by getting weather strips at Abel & Locke's.

Select handsome lap robes and fine horse blankets at J. W. Tyler's, south side city park.

In a few days the south room in Close, Griswold & Co.'s new building will be fitted up ready for the use of Joe McCrory, who will open a restaurant and bakery.

The Celestial Lodge Odd Fellows are as proud of their new hall as are the Masons of their new \$25,000 temple.

See J. W. Tyler when you want elegant lap robes and fine harness. His store is on the south side of the city park.

Those beautiful lap robes in such general demand can be procured at J. W. Tyler's harness store, on south side of the city park.

And now Mr. John C. Gault, general manager of the Washburn, denies all knowledge of a proposition to locate the general offices of the road in Chicago.

Good Morning!

Harrison is compelled to announce another postponement of his coming. He will not be able to come to Decatur until next week, on account of his engagement at Grand Rapids.

Friday will be the last day of service of papers for the December term of the circuit court. Therefore the sheriffs and his bailiffs are kept on the jump to get in their work.

The steam heating apparatus, brought here from Chicago at a cost of \$1400, is in operation at the county poor farm building. The building committee of the county board will visit the poor farm on Thursday and inspect the apparatus.

The Jeanette Winston Comic Opera Company will play Decatur a return visit at the opera house next Monday evening, Nov. 27th, when Offenbach's best opera, "Perichole, the Street Singer," will be presented. Admission, 35, 50 and 75 cts. No extra charge for reserved seats.

Good Morning!

A Catholic revival, or more properly speaking, a Catholic Mission, of one week's duration, will be held at St. Patrick's Church, commencing on Sunday, Dec. 3d. The priests in charge will come here from Michigan. Meetings will be held every day and evening.

Joliet licensed saloons for \$50 or \$100 each, and had about 130 of them. The license was then advanced to \$500, and about 70 licenses were taken out. Persons suffering for a drink can easily obtain it, but 70 saloons have a less power for evil than 130; it is less expensive to regulate them by police supervision; and at \$500 a year they produce \$25,000 more revenue.

Since last Easter Bishop Bales, of Alton, has visited about a third of this Catholic diocese, dedicated a number of fine churches and administered the sacrament of confirmation to 4,773 persons. There are not less than from 15 to 20 new churches in the course of erection and to be commenced in a short time. The Catholic population of the diocese amounts to about 150,000.

Good Morning!

A new invention, owned by the Bell telephone company, has been introduced in the office of the exchange at Springfield. It is called a "clock signal" and is used in calling up adjoining towns. There are 12 numbers and one zero upon the dial. An indicator points to the number as it slowly makes the revolution. Each of the exchanges upon a continuous line of telephone is numbered, and the operator wishing to call any one rings the bell as the hand crosses the proper number. The clock is operated by electricity, and is a most ingenious piece of mechanism.

JERRY M. KELLEHER had a hearing before Justice Albert this afternoon on a charge of forgery and was acquitted. After his discharge by the court Sheriff Foster took Kelleher in custody again without a warrant and held him until paid on another charge could be made out. The attorneys for Kelleher protested against the sheriff's action, but that officer paid no attention to their objections, and retained the custody of his prisoner. Foster don't scare worth a cent.

Champaign Sugar.

A telegram from Champaign states that the manufacture of sorghum sugar at that place closed on Saturday last, the whole crop of cane having been secured and used. The remarkable results reached called together visitors from many different states, and one official representative of the French Government. Careful records have been kept showing a sample that twelve and a half acres of early orange cane, weighing when stripped and topped twelve and a half tons to the acre, will yield per acre of fine sugar 700 pounds, which sells readily at 8 1/2 cents, and 16 gallons of molasses, worth 40 cents. This new departure in sugar making will increase the agricultural wealth of the State many millions of dollars. We notice in exchanges that this new industry in Illinois is attracting the attention of sugar makers in the South who ridicule the idea of making sugar in the North; but by and by they will give the enterprise their respectful attention, for they will have to compete in the sale of sugar as good as they can offer to the trade.

The New County Clerk.

The other day Mr. Geo. P. Hardy, the newly elected republican county clerk, took the oath of office as county clerk, and to-day after taking the oath as clerk of the county court of Macon county, he filed his official bonds aggregating \$10,000. The first bond as county clerk is for \$5,000, and the bondsman are Messrs. A. W. Hardy, F. W. Hardy, Hugh Crea, James C. Lake and D. S. Shellabarger. This bond will be filed with Circuit Clerk McClellan. The second bond, for \$5,000, as clerk of the county court of Macon county, was approved by Judge Greer, and will be filed with the secretary of state at Springfield. The bondsman are Messrs. Lysander L. Haworth and James W. Haworth. Mr. Hardy is now thoroughly qualified for the new position he will assume on the 4th day of next month.

A New Lodge Room.

This forenoon, in company with Mr. I. W. Ehrman, a reporter was shown through the new lodge room of Celestial Lodge, No. 186, I. O. O. F., in Powers' hall. The room is elegantly fitted up and finished complete, at a cost of about \$1200. It is probably the most comfortably arranged and attractive lodge room in the west. The new red carpets, the plush chairs for the officers, the closets for the regalia, and easy chairs for the use of the 130 members of the lodge, are certainly evidences that the triple link brethren are prosperous and love to have a bright and attractive meeting place. Celestial Lodge was organized on Oct. 12, 1865, with the following as charter members: Warner W. Oglesby, E. D. Kline, S. K. Thompson, Henry P. Elliott, Richard F. Jones, Jos. King, James Shonk, James L. Peake, Andrew J. Wolf, Chas. H. Fuller, Geo. W. Baker, Berry H. Cassell and John J. Baintline. The lodge has secured a ten year lease on the hall, and will probably occupy it so long as the building shall stand.

Cut His Throat.

Mr. I. S. Kaufman, the real estate agent, who visited Sullivan on Saturday and Sunday, reports that on Sunday morning early an old farmer named Asa Miller, aged 50 years, committed suicide at his home, five miles from Sullivan. The old man was given to drinking, and was intoxicated on Saturday. He ended his earthly career by cutting his throat from ear to ear, dying in a few minutes. The suicide leaves a widow and two grown sons.

Mr. W. R. BUCKMASTER, of the Pacific Express Company, went to Bement yesterday and swore out warrants for the arrest of Bill Connor and James McIntyre, for the theft of a keg of beer from the depot platform at Milmine on Sept. 22d. After one witness had been examined Connor pleaded guilty, and, in default of bail, was sent to the county jail at Monticello. McIntyre waived an examination and gave bond for his appearance at the next term of court. The empty keg was found buried in a barn on the premises of McIntyre. The express company have been frequently annoyed of late by petty pilfering in this vicinity, and are determined to prosecute to the full extent of the law all such cases.

The end of the Jerry M. Kelleher forgery case is not yet. The young man is still in the toils of the law. He was arrested last evening on a charge of forgery and also with having attempted to utter the alleged fraudulent note which calls for \$90 and bears the alleged signatures of Robert Wallace and his wife. This afternoon Kelleher is having another hearing before Justice Curtis.

Premium Wagons.

Those celebrated iron fellow farm and spring wagons built by David F. Hamsher in Decatur, need no recommendation. They are favorites alike with farmers and townspeople, and are in general demand. If you want a serviceable and handsome wagon give Hamsher a call.

If you have any pictures to frame bring them to us. We will do good work and guarantee prices. J. T. HAND & Co. Nov. 15, dtf.

Wooden and Tin Wedding.

The wooden and tin wedding of C. W. and M. E. Frew, which took place on last Saturday evening, Nov. 18th, was enjoyably celebrated at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Morris, near Elwin. The grand supper was prepared by the bride and her mother. Mr. George Cole, of Cole & Hodges' restaurant, furnished the mammoth cake, elegantly trimmed, for the occasion. He also served the oysters to the merry guests that were there. Anniversary remarks were made by the Rev. B. Lyman. Presents were presented by the father and mother of bride, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Sprague, Mr. W. T. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. Himm Ward, Mr. and Mrs. George May, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Odor, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. B. Lyman, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hanks, Mrs. A. F. Hopkins, Mrs. Cal Nicholson, Mr. T. F. Morris, Misses Ada Morris and Ida Cox, and Grandma Cole. Owing to rainy weather and muddy roads many were detained from being present, but sent their congratulations and regrets to the happy couple of the entertainment.

ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

21 Years of Faithful Service. Last Saturday, the 18th instant, Mr. Samuel F. Greer completed his 21st year as Judge of the county court of Macon county, and on the 4th day of next month he will enter upon another four years' term in the same office. The Judge began his official career in this county in 1863, when he received a commission as justice of the peace to fill out a vacancy from W. H. Bissell, then governor of Illinois; in 1869 he received another commission as justice of the peace from Governor John Wood; in March, 1861, he received a commission as police magistrate from Gov. Yates; and in November, 1861, he got his first commission as county judge from Gov. Yates; since that year he has held the same office, receiving subsequent commissions in '65 from Gov. Oglesby; in '69 from Gov. Palmer; in '73 from John Early, acting governor, during the absence of Gov. Beveridge; in '77 from Gov. Cullom, and in a few days he will receive a second commission from Gov. Cullom. Judge Greer has been a faithful and careful official, and the fact that he has been re-elected so many times and has performed his duties impartially, is the best possible evidence that he is the right man in the right place. He has taken the oath of office for another term, and the same has been sent to the secretary of state.

Shipping Calves West.

Colonel Judy, the well-known stock auctioneer, of Tallula, Menard county, Ill., says that from around Tallula a great many young cattle, spring calves and yearlings have been shipped this fall to the grazing regions of the north and northwest. He spoke of one shipment of over 1,200, and another of something over 600 calves. The last of the present week Mr. Judy's son will ship about 300 yearling steers. They ship principally to Cheyenne, Wyoming territory, where they find a good sale for their stock. The shipping of calves to the west is comparatively a new experience, and has proven quite successful. For four or five years quite small in small bunches have been shipped west, but the shipping of any preceding year has not been carried on so extensively as this year. The shipping of calves west to the grazing ranches, where it costs but little to grow and feed them, will certainly have a tendency to raise the price of calves here. If it becomes general, it will create a greater demand for stock cattle, and farmers will have another object in view in raising calves than to sell them to the local butchers to be slaughtered.

Caught.

Frank Bickell, who some months ago lived in Oas county, Indiana, and while there took advantage of Miss Armour was arrested near Lincoln on Monday by Constable Bigger, of Austin township, on a requisition sent the officer by Governor Porter duly acknowledged by Governor Cullom. Bickell was brought to Decatur last evening and lodged in jail. This morning Constable Bigger left for Indiana with the prisoner. Bickell will probably marry the girl to escape going to the penitentiary.

\$23 to Washington and Return.

There will be a grand cheap excursion from points in the west to Washington city on Monday, Nov. 27th. Fare from Decatur for the round trip, \$23. The National Bazaar Industrial Art Exposition, for the benefit of the Garfield monument, will be held at Washington from Nov. 25th to Dec. 3d. For further particulars see local ticket agents.

JACKSONVILLE has received carp from Fish Commissioner Bartlett for stocking Morgan Lake in that city. Two private ponds are also supplied. Forty fish of the same shipment have been received in Decatur—20 by L. L. Haworth and 20 by Samuel Weaver of Hickory township.

SIXTY-THREE counties in Illinois gave a majority in favor of completing the state house; thirty-nine counties giving a majority against it. The total vote in favor of it was 231,721; against, 158,679. Lost.

Good Morning!

OUR COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Personal and Educational Notes from the Pen of Supt. Trainer.

What is the "New Education?" Answer: "The New Education is the application of the science of education to the practice of education."

Upper Monnd School, in Hickory Point township, is in excellent condition. The old building has been repaired and improved until the stranger would mistake it for a new house. This school is making a good record as far as tardiness is concerned.

Never speak in a loud tone of voice in the school room.

Thomas Finn opens school with songs from "Graded Songs," and gives the school a general exercise on the sounds of the vowels and the classification of these sounds. This school has a new way of Illinois, programme clock, portraits of La Fayette, Sumner, etc. We predict good work at the Magee.

Never start to school with your hair or clothes in disorder, or an unclean face and hands.

Lizzie Lukens of Renshaw has her room tastefully decorated with numerous pictures, autumn leaves, etc. Miss L. uses Monteth's Popular Science as a guide in her oral instruction in this direction. Her school is small but in good condition.

Be punctual and industrious.

F. C. Brown succeeds Miss Sarah Sanderson at Prairie Chapel. Mr. B. has not taught in this county for some years, and consequently had not learned of the new plans and progress made in the country schools. We are glad to note that there is the element in this district to soon make one among the best schools in the county, if rightly directed.

"By little strokes"

Men fell great oaks."

The Hill School is well decorated with the work of the pupils in the shape of neatly drawn maps. Mr. Elmer Turner of this place, has a fine historical map of the U. S. from which "to draw on" in the recitation.

The best part of our knowledge is that which teaches us where knowledge leaves off and where it begins.—Holmes.

W. H. Givler has the use of a good supply of "Garlands of Song," by S. M. Lutz, furnished by the Union district. This school has excellent boards, four large chromos, Garfield's portrait, neat chandeliers, window curtains, etc. Mr. G. has "photographed" neat outlines of study for his pupils. A neatly executed motto, "In God we Trust," adorns the front wall.

The State cannot afford to educate the mind of a bad child without correcting his morals.—Hall.

Elm Grove School has purchased four large pastboard charts and fifteen smaller ones, at a cost of \$37.50. Next to "Mott's Modern Method," or the \$50 stereoscope, they are as nearly worthless as the "American Agricultural Library." While it is commendable on the part of directors to have a desire to furnish their schools with all the good helps possible it should also be their first thought to serve their district to the best advantage. Thirty-seven dollars would have furnished this district with an "Indexed Atlas of the World," a set of Reading Charts, an Unabridged Dictionary, and a set of good wall maps. The Atlas alone being worth a whole car load of the charts sold. With the exception of this mistake the directors have exercised good judgment in their attention to the best interests of the school. T. W. Jacobs is the "jacket duster" at this place.

C. M. Parker is editor of the educational column in the "Chelone."

Not Coming This Week.

We are authorized to state that on account of the renewed interest in the religious revival services at Grand Rapids, Michigan, Rev. Thomas Harrison, the "boy preacher," will not be able to fill his appointment in Decatur at the First M. E. church to-morrow evening. He telegraphed Rev. Dimmitt yesterday that he could not possibly visit Decatur this week, and that he must stay at Grand Rapids another week. Under Rev. Harrison's direction a comfortable room was engaged for him at the New Deming hotel, and he wrote that he would be here to occupy it to-morrow night. The noted revivalist will certainly inaugurate a revival in Decatur, but it is plain that it is his purpose to first finish his work in Michigan before coming here. Rev. Dimmitt has telegraphed Rev. H. to come if possible by Sunday next, but as yet no answer has been received to that message.

MARRIED.

In Elm Grove township, Macon county, Ill., Nov. 15, 1882, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. C. Powell, Miss Emma Johnson and Mr. Frank M. Masters, of Jacksonville, Ill.

After the ceremony about fifty couples partook of a most elegant supper, which all seemed to enjoy to the full. The following is a list of the presents: China tea set, Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Livingstone; pair towels, Miss Ida Jordan; 20 yards carpet, Mrs. W. Falconer; glass cake stand, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Jordan; glass bread dish, Miss Marie Falconer; pickle dish, Frank Falconer; butter knife, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Moffett; table linen, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Daniels; majolica ice cream pitcher, Miss Mollie Harbert; library lamp, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Scruggs; silver cake basket, Miss Mary and Frank Williams; set goblets, Mrs. W. Falconer; bed spread, Linn & Scruggs; glass pitcher, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Falconer; set silver spoons, T. A. Brown and wife; pickle dish, U. G. Deakins; paper case, J. H. Deakins; glass water pitcher, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Crawford; glass set, Frank and Nannie Taylor; water pitcher, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Deakins.

5 Cents a Yard.

Worsted Dress Goods in every shade and color. CHEAP STORE. 18. 21-d&wlv

CALLED HOME.

Death of Joseph W. Emery, an Old Citizen—A Sketch of His Life.

DEATH.—At the family residence, in Austin township, on Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1882, at 10:30 o'clock, Joseph W. Emery, in the 70th year of his age.

The deceased had been ill for a period of nearly three months, part of his body having been paralyzed in August last. He was an uncle of Hon. Charles F. Emery, of Macon. He had lived in this county for many years—over a quarter of a century. Deceased was a noble hearted man, whose companionship was courted because of his generous nature and intelligence. The last time he was in the Republican sanatorium, which was about four months ago, he was in apparent good health, and conversed cheerfully about public affairs, concerning which he was well posted. He was a genial, intelligent, public spirited and useful citizen—whose death will be generally deplored.

Joseph Emery was one of the old residents of Austin township. He was a native of Canterbury, Merrimac county, New Hampshire, and was born on the 15th day of January, 1813. We learn from Brink, McDough & Co.'s history of Macon county, in which is published a long sketch of the deceased, that the Emery family, which was one of English origin, settled at an early period at West Newbury, Mass. The old homestead—the home of the early members of the family—has been in possession of the Emerys for several generations. Josiah Emery, the grandfather of the deceased, moved from Massachusetts to Sauborn, now Tilton, New Hampshire. Nathan Emery was the father of the deceased.

He married Betsey McGrillis, of Scotch-Irish descent, a native of Canterbury. Both the Emery and McGrillis families have been remarkable for their vigor and long life. They show a noticeable freedom from disease, and the tendency toward longevity has been marked for several generations. Among the ancestors many instances of death at an advanced age have occurred; very few passed away before reaching 70 years. J. W. Emery was the ninth of a family of 16 children, of whom 14 grew to maturity and 13 married. His father owned a farm, and was a carpenter by trade. He was a man of considerable intelligence, was well versed in surveying and civil engineering, and was very fond of reading—a habit which he transmitted to most of his children, all of whom attained a good English education.

Josiah Emery, a brother of the deceased, graduated from Union College, N. Y., and is now engaged in the practice of law at Williamsport, Pa. Another brother was Enoch W. Emery, for many years editor of the Peoria Transcript. He died last summer, after receiving several strokes of paralysis. A third brother, settled in Indiana. A fourth brother, the father of Charles F. Emery, died at Macon a few years ago. The other brothers remained in New England. The deceased did not leave New Hampshire until he was 17 years of age; in 1836 he went to Rhode Island, thence to Massachusetts. In February, 1840, he was united in marriage to Frances B. Leland, at Upton, Mass. the bride being a member of an old New England family. Mr. Emery engaged in farming pursuits near Upton after his marriage until 1850, when he returned to Canterbury, where he engaged with his brother Nathan in running a saw mill for a period of six years. Mr. Emery's first wife died in September, 1853. In February, 1854, he was united in marriage to Frances A. Sanborn, after whose family (Sanborns, New Hampshire was named.

The saw mill business not proving remunerative, Mr. Emery determined to come west, and he reached Macon county in 1856, and purchased 180 acres of railroad land in Section 8, in Austin township. He and his family spent the winter at Clinton, and in 1857 he took possession of his farm, which is now one of the finest in that section of the county, made so by the industry and good management of the deceased, who was one of the earliest settlers of the township. In all 11 children were born to him, four of whom are now living—Ellen, Betsy, Charles and Clarence.

Mr. Emery had always taken an active interest in politics. He was originally a whig, and supported that party in opposition to the democracy. He was one of the first to ally himself with the republican organization, of which he was a steadfast supporter. He was treasurer of Austin township four years, and had filled the office of assessor four terms. He was a man of positive convictions, though he always respected the honest convictions of those with whom he came in contact.

A Word to Parents. Recently a reporter has been conversing with several physicians with reference to the difference, if any there is, between diphtheria known as "Scarlet Rash," "Scarlet Fever" and "Scarlatina." All interviewed say there is no difference except in name, and that one is equally as contagious as the other. There are several cases of scarlatina in the city, and parents should be watchful and not expose their afflicted children to those of their neighbors. Dr. Bumstead was one of the physicians asked if there is any difference between scarlet rash, scarlatina and scarlet fever, and replied substantially as follows: "There is no real difference between scarlet rash and scarlatina or scarlet fever, the last two names mean exactly the same; that scarlet rash is scarlet fever and nothing else, only in a milder form than those severe cases which the people usually regard as characteristic of this disease, cannot be too emphatically stated. They are all one and the same disease and very contagious, and those who think otherwise have no right to endanger the children of their neighbors, and should not be permitted to do so."

Stylish carpets at low rates at Abel & Locke's.

MARRIED.

In this city, by Thomas B. Albert, J. P., at his office on Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1882, Mr. SETH LEE, of Springfield, Ill., and Miss MARY E. DUNN, both of Dalton City, Ill.

At West Jannville, this county, on Sunday, Nov. 19, 1882, by Charles Towers, J. P., Mr. FRANK E. REYNOLDS and Miss MARY E. HARRIS, both of Dalton City, Ill.

In this city, on Monday, Nov. 20, 1882, by Judge S. E. Greer, at his office, Mr. THOMAS F. BAKER, of Springfield, Ill., and Miss MARY J. Lusk, of Decatur, Ill.

In this city, on Monday, Nov. 20, 1882, by Ira B. Curtis, J. P., at his office, Mr. BENJAMIN F. MURPHY and Miss PHOEBE PATTERSON, both of Dalton City, Ill.

In this city, at the Thomas House, on Monday, Nov. 20, 1882, by Rev. H. W. Truitt, Mr. OLIVER J. JULIAN, of Bloomington, and Miss SARAH A. CARTER, of Decatur.

DIED.

In this city at the family residence on North Water street, on Monday, Nov. 20, 1882, at 10:30 p. m., of consumption, HARRIS HARRIS, aged 14 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Harris, late of Taylorville.

In this city, on Nov. 21, 1882, of typhoid pneumonia, AUGUST KROENOWSKI, aged 22 years.

Special Bargains.

In Velvets, black and color's. 18. CHEAP STORE. 21d&w.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Sheriff Foster didn't find time to attend the Illinois Sheriff's Convention held at Springfield yesterday.

Col. Robert G. Ingersoll will deliver one of his celebrated lectures in the opera house at Springfield on the 27th instant.

J. A. Cochran, who has been living near Assumption, has taken up his residence in Long Creek township, this county.

Henry Hummel is an interested spectator in the construction of the new Masonic temple. He saw the old temple built in 1842.

Prof. David Swing will lecture at Mattoon Wednesday evening, Nov. 29th.—Subject, "From the Useful to the Beautiful."

"Bud" Phillips, formerly of Decatur, died at Springfield on the 20th inst., aged 30 years. Albert Morgan will be among those from Decatur who will attend the funeral at Springfield to-day.

Samuel L. Gill, republican, will contest the election for sheriff of Peoria county, with Cyrus L. Berry, democrat. Berry's majority is 90, and Gill is satisfied that a recount will give him a majority. The papers have been served on Berry.

J. R. Race has about recovered from his recent illness, and leaves to-day for a visit to Ripley county, Missouri, to look at some land which he entered nearly 25 years ago, but has never seen. He may possibly extend his visit to Hot Springs, Ark.

E. C. Bodman, junior member of the Toledo, Baltimore and New York grain firm of Bodman & Milmine, was in the city on Saturday for a few hours, on business. Mr. Bodman had not visited Decatur for a period of six years, and was astonished to notice so many evidences of thrift as are here apparent.

Mr. John A. Henry, of Mt. Zion township, is at Aurora, Ill., under treatment of a noted specialist, for cancer of the eyelid. Mr. Henry has been troubled for some time with an incipient cancer, and it is to be hoped that the treatment he is receiving may result in eradicating the trouble.

W. H. Linn left Saturday night for New York, to purchase another immense stock of dry goods, carpets and notions for Linn & Scruggs' mammoth establishment. The new purchases will commence rolling in a few days. The selection will be the finest ever displayed in Decatur.

Dr. J. H. Axton is in town to-day, and will leave in a few days for Storm Lake, Iowa, at which place he is interested in the development of what promises to be at no distant day a popular health resort. He owns property fronting on the lake upon which are springs said to possess most valuable medicinal properties. A hotel is to be erected at once, and other extensive improvements made.

Just In.

An additional invoice of Men's Underwear, embracing all grades, from the cheapest morino to the best all-wool goods, in white, gray and scarlet. We sell this class of goods, as indeed we do all others, at a small living profit, which is at least 20 per cent. lower than prevailing prices. Big 18 d&wlv

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the Post Office at Decatur, Macon County, Ill., for week ending Nov. 22, 1882.

Allen A W	Montgomery Mrs Wm
Baldwin Ed Bab	McClintock Amans
Bleeker Charles	McClintock Francis
Bloomington Chas N	Niebuhr Fred
Bayless Frank L	Thy J
Blake H S	Rogers Mrs Maggie
Becker John	Scott Mrs Ella
Bloom Miss Mary	Shively J W
Burke Miss Jennie	Shively J W
Brown Miss Doris	Shively J W
Brown Miss Lillian	Shively J W
Brown Miss Sarah	Shively J W
Collier G W	Shively J W
Conrad J W	Shively J W
Clay J W	Shively J W
Chavers Miss Laura	Shively J W
Christolm Miss Phoebe	Shively J W
Crofford Mrs Rhoda	Shively J W
Cash Will A	Shively J W
Ellsworth Wm	Shively J W
Fletcher Miss E A	Shively J W
Gahaway Paulina	Shively J W
Graves Mrs Nannie	Shively J W
Hobart Mrs	Shively J W
Honess Mrs Fannie	Shively J W
Holbeck John	Shively J W
Hanks Mrs Mary E	Shively J W
Isaac	Shively J W
Kaplan J	Shively J W
Lamphart Miss Emma	Shively J W

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1947

Worth \$5 free. Address Brix
& Co., Portland, Maine,
(Feb 24/97)

The revenue of the post-office department for the year ending June 30, 1882, was \$5,091,012 greater than the previous year, while the expenditures were only \$717,134 more. Of the thirty-eight states of the Union and the territory of Alaska now an excess of receipts over expenditures, and of these only Delaware is a southern state.

ADCLIFF & BULLARD,
Successors to E. S. AUSTIN & Co.)



SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES!

And dealers in all kinds of
Good, Metallic Coffins and Caskets,
Accessories from the cheapest to the most
valuable.

**FULL CLOVE COVERED CAS-
KETS OF SOLID WALNUT.**

For the safe of the valuable White Hearsel in the
country, and for the valuable White Hearsel in the
city, only to be fully convinced, is to give us a call.

57A-1681, 17-275

1

A CARD.

I wish to say to the public that I am now, and have been for the past ten years, devoting myself exclusively to the treatment and cure of all Chronic Diseases, Surgery and Deformities.

I cure Rupture of all kinds and varieties by a process entirely new and simple without the knife or danger, thereby doing away forever with the use of trusses. A perfect cure is guaranteed.

I cure all kinds of Piles or Fistula without the knife, ligature, caustic, pain or danger.

Strictures, Varicocele, Hydrocele and all private diseases are cured permanently and perfectly in a very short time by the latest remedies and most approved method.

That very distressing and annoying train of diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys is treated with a success that astonishes the unfortunate sufferers after so many fruitless trials.

All diseases of the Joints and Bones, all Sores, Tumors, Cancers and Ulcers are treated and cured by those new and much improved methods for which the last ten years are famous. Hip Joint Disease, Club Foot and all diseases of the Back and Spine are treated with special success on account of some improvements of my own.

Being thoroughly furnished with Apparatus, Appliances, Machines, Batteries, Microscopes, etc., and all modern helps, with so many years experience in this field, I am prepared to achieve success where success is at all obtainable.

Crossed Eyes I straighten by a very small operation. I operate for Cataract and Artificial Pupil and thereby restore sight to the blind. I quickly remove obstructions to the tear ducts which occasion weeping or the running of tears over the face, and am prepared and accustomed to cure all the surgical diseases of the eye.

R. L. WALSTON, M. D.,
June 8, 1881. DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

IF THIS MEETS THE EYE OF ANY ONE

Who at the present time, or in the near future, desires to know just where to purchase any kind of goods for "KEEPING HOUSE," and where you can receive REAL VALUE FOR EVERY DOLLAR YOU EXPEND,

LIDDLE'S

is the place, Court House Block, Four Mammoth Store Rooms, each 130 feet long, filled with the Best and Cheapest Bed Room

FURNITURE!

Dining-room Furniture, Rich Parlor Suits, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Desks, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Beds, Mattresses, Pillows, &c.

COOKING STOVES,

FOR COAL AND WOOD.

GLAD TIDINGS has no superior as a cooking stove.

The CROWNING GLOBE, as a Base Burner, Base Heater and Extra Front Heater, EXCELS ALL OTHER HEATERS MADE. All warranted.

China and Glass Goods, Queensware and Lamps.

Hull's Vapor Stoves,

Absolutely the best Gasoline Burner in use anywhere, at prices greatly reduced.

Goods carefully packed and shipped without extra charge.

It will be to the interest of all to see our stock of desirable goods.

R. LIDDLE,
COURT HOUSE BLOCK.

THE VERY BEST! HAND-MADE

Buggy Harness.

I use none but the best material, and employ only the best workmen. I use no patent Hides. I make them from the VERY BEST. I have also the best Whips to be had in the market.

J. W. TYLER,
South Side City Park.
May 15-d&w

Farms for Sale!

E. O. SMITH
is desirous of selling a

PORTION OF HIS FARMING LAND situated in Macon county, near Dalton and Cherry City. For particulars inquire of

GEO. W. BRIGHT,
DECATUR NATIONAL BANK,
101 E. KENDAL, Dalton City, who will show

May 14, 1882-d&w

E. McNABB & SON,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.
Plans and specifications prepared on reasonable terms, and satisfaction guaranteed. Office at No. 22 North Main street.
April 11, 1882-d&w

DR. J. M. BLYTHE,
DENTIST.
Office over F. L. Hays & Co's, Water street, Decatur, Illinois.
March 28-d&w

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.
CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor,
South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois
Jan. 1, 1880-d&w

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

The city is now using about 30,000 feet of lumber a month to repair dilapidated sidewalks.

LIVER diseases, headache, and constipation, caused by bad digestion, quickly cured by Brown's Iron Bitters. 17

The Methodist revival will be inaugurated in Decatur next week by Rev. Harrison, the boy preacher.

ARRANGE your affairs so as to take dinner and supper with the Christian church ladies at the tabernacle on Thanksgiving Day.

BLANKETS, Bed Comforts, Knit and Crochet Goods, Yarns, Zephyrs, etc.
Big 18 Merchant st. CHEAP STORE.
16-d&w

The annual reunion of the 25th Ill. Vol. Infy. will be held at Tuscola Nov. 24th. A fine banquet will follow the reunion exercises.

NOTICE has been served on the parties in control of the tabernacle property that the present indebtedness of about \$1600 must be paid by Nov. 24th.

CASH for Poultry and Eggs at Ham-mond's, 18 and 20 West Main st.
aug 17 wtf

An item in the Sullivan Journal says John Hatfield, of Decatur, has purchased Peden & Carrell's store at Lovington.

New designs in fine carpets received almost daily at Abel & Locke's.

EXTRA fine canned fruits can be procured at the "Red Front" grocery store on Merchant street.

A TEMPERANCE convention will take place in Champaign the 14th and 15th of December next. John B. Finch will address the convention the 14th, and Gov. St. John, of Kansas, the 15th. A large attendance is expected.

Nor a drink, not sold in bar-rooms, but a reliable non-alcoholic tonic medicine, useful in all times, and in all seasons, is Brown's Iron Bitters. 17

The Knights of Pythias ball to be given at the St. Nicholas hotel, Thanksgiving night, promises to be one of the principal events of the day, and will be largely attended.

UNION Thanksgiving services will be held at Macon on the 30th instant, at the Methodist church. The annual sermon will be delivered by Rev. Joel Kennedy of the Presbyterian church.

THE amount of the official bond of Sheriff W. W. Foster is \$10,000. He has furnished the same with B. Z. Taylor, James Freeman, James Keefe, Michael Troutman and Martin P. Murphy as bondsmen.

TOM BIVINS, the excursion agent, announces that on Tuesday, Nov. 14th, and again on Tuesday, Nov. 28th, he will manage another "dirt cheap" excursion over the Wabash road to southeastern Kansas and southwestern Missouri. Fare for the round trip from Decatur, \$15, tickets good for 40 days with stop over privileges.
Nov. 5-d&w

SAVE money by purchasing house-furnishing goods at Abel & Locke's.

MR. H. M. WHITMER, of this city, has offered \$1,400 for the coal shaft ground near Jacksonville, and last night the council of that city accepted the offer.

ILLINOIS is some on hay. The total crop of the state this year is estimated at 4,389,126 tons, being 345,219 tons more than the largest previous yield, which was in 1878.

The Illinois Central railroad in this state once owned 2,500,000 acres of land, nearly all of which is now divided among 25,000 farmers, whose families own and cultivate it in tracts averaging 80 to 160 acres or less.

Lincoln Journal, 18th: Wm. Dukes, the poor man who was prostrated a few weeks ago over financial matters has improved quite fast. He will be up in a week or ten days. All that is required now to bring him to his equanimity is rest.

News of the death of Benton Hostetter, aged 40 years, reached Decatur to-day. Mr. H. died near Sherman, Texas, one day last week, and for nine or ten years previous to 1868 was in the book business in Decatur. He has many relatives in this community. He leaves a widow and two children.

The members of the Decatur Colored Cooks Association will have a big time at the Guards' Armory on Wednesday evening, Dec. 27th, on which occasion they will give their first grand banquet, ball and reception. The public generally will be invited. Tickets of admission, including the banquet, which will be one of the finest spreads ever seen in Decatur, \$1.50 per couple.

MR. LEE PARKS, a tenant on one of Thos. Lord's farms in Wheatland township, lost a valuable mare on Wednesday. She was found lying down with one of her legs broken, rendering her entirely useless. Mr. Parks is a poor man and could ill afford to lose the animal. He is now without a team, and the neighbors are talking of raising a fund to purchase the farmer another horse. It is not known how the mare came to be hurt. It is supposed she was kicked or had her leg broken by a fall.

A letter from P. O. Sharpless, druggist Marion, Ohio, in writing of Thomas' Eczema Oint. says: "One man was cured of sore throat of eight years' standing with one bottle." We have a number of cases of rheumatism that have been cured when other remedies have failed. We consider it the best medicine sold. 14

An Elopement Incident.

The following amusing incident is told by the Lincoln Herald of this week: "As the early train from the north arrived on Monday, a boyish appearing young man stepped off and ran to the depot where he inquired, 'Is this Lincoln?' He was answered affirmatively, whereupon he hurriedly retraced his steps. When in the car the train began to move, but soon he reappeared, this time with a young lady. He jumped and called to her to do the same. She did. She fell full length on the platform and was held by bystanders until the train had passed. The lady was assisted to her feet. She thanked the gentleman who saved her from rolling under the wheels, and with her partner went to the Spilly House. During the forenoon they were married by Esquire Knight, and at 1 o'clock departed for Bloomington. The young man's parents objected to the match three weeks ago, but this time they got away from them. Robert Roberts works in the Pantograph bindery and is well known in Peoria. He has secured a pleasant and burxom life partner. We wish them joy."

Charged with Larceny.

From Saturday's Daily.
Last evening Officer Early arrested a young man named Samuel Daniels on a charge of larceny, and he is now in jail, pending an examination, which will be had next week. It appears that Daniels, who was lately an employee at the St. Nicholas hotel and also at Fred Norman's barbershop, went to the Workingmen's Hotel in the Fifth Ward on Thursday evening and secured lodging. That night \$5 in money, a silk handkerchief and a pin valued at \$2.50 were stolen from the miners while they slept in their rooms. Daniels was pointed out as the thief, and he was at once taken in tow. He is a brother of the young man Daniels who while intoxicated was killed by jumping off a Wabash train near the Water street crossing over a year ago.

The Mrs. Brodness Surprise.

From Saturday's Daily.
Yesterday was the birthday anniversary of Mrs. A. W. Brodness, and a number of her lady friends quietly arranged among themselves to make the event the occasion of a surprise visitation and celebration. Accordingly Mrs. David Priest, Mrs. J. B. Winebrenner and Mrs. W. A. Dennis extended the invitations, and while Mrs. B. was visiting Mrs. W. H. Addis last evening the company arrived and were received by Mrs. Clint. Brodness, who had been let into the secret. On going home Mrs. Brodness was amazed to see the rooms filled with a jolly party of neighbors and friends, among whom were Mrs. Samuel Rea, Mrs. William Scanlan, Mrs. William Dennis, Mrs. E. McKenzie, Mrs. Allen Scott, Mrs. Charles Marcott, Mrs. John Ebert, Mrs. J. B. Winebrenner, Mrs. J. W. Butman, Mrs. W. C. Pitzer, Mrs. David Priest, Mrs. Henry Stafford, Mrs. H. B. Montgomery, and Misses Callie Ham and Nellie Winebrenner. The callers brought an abundance of edibles and a fine supper was discussed. A large number of birthday gifts was bestowed, among which was a gold watch and chain by Mr. Brodness.

Linked for Life.

The marriage of Mr. Wm. Beckemeyer jr., and Miss Lizzie Dockson, a young lady well known in Decatur society, was solemnized Thursday evening at the home of the bride in Springfield by Rev. B. F. Cronse, in the presence of about 100 guests. The display of bridal presents was large and expensive. One gift was a check for \$1,000 from the father of the groom, and another a check for \$100 from the mother of the groom. Supper was served from 9 to 12 o'clock. The couple are in Chicago, and will go to Milwaukee before returning to Springfield. Those present from Decatur were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Busher, Miss Josie Busher, Mrs. W. P. Shade and L. Marks; Mrs. G. P. Zeiss and Mary Stafford, Mt. Pleasant.

Gouraud's Olympian Cream.

has from the time of its general introduction received the unqualified commendation of the beauty and fashion of the land. Its intrinsic excellence and peculiar adaptation to the toilet has secured it an instant preference over every competing article, a preeminence due to no puffery or extravagant laudation of its merits. No lady has ever given it a trial without becoming its lasting patron, or has failed to confirm every excellence that is claimed in its behalf. Contains no lead, zinc, bismuth, chalk or other harmful ingredient. In white or pink for blonde or brunette. Sold in Decatur by W. C. Armstrong. 16-w4w

MR. W. L. PILLSBURY, of the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, states that forty-seven of the county superintendents of Illinois were re-elected at the recent election, and that in fifty-five counties new officers have been chosen to manage the school interests. In eight counties ladies have been elected. In Peoria county, Mrs. Mary W. Emery, widow of the late Enoch Emery, of the Transcript, was elected, and is the only successful candidate on the Republican ticket in that county. Mrs. Emery held the same office for one term previous to her marriage.

Universal Appropriation

By the community at large has been given to BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. No instance is known where dissatisfaction has been manifested by their use, or where ought but benefit followed their administration. Price \$1.00. 14

If you want mill feed, corn or oats, you can be supplied at Shellabarger's.
Dec. 18-d&w

"Tin Wedding" Celebration.

The tenth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Hopkins, of Elwin, Ill., was celebrated Tuesday evening, Nov. 14th, at their home. The affair was gotten up on the surprise style by relatives and friends of the happy couple from Decatur, Elwin and vicinity. This happy pair of ten years' experience in housekeeping seemed to be very submissive and were willing to be surprised; and still more willing they became as they witnessed piece after piece of glittering tinware entering their residence with an air that seemed to say "I have come to stay." "I should smile," they say, and they smiled away. In all there were about sixty persons present, and all seemed to enjoy themselves finely. The intruders brought provisions and fresh oysters in abundance along with them, and being good cooks, the oysters were prepared in good style for digestion, and certainly all fared sumptuously. Especially noticeable were the many nice cakes—they looked like wedding cakes, and tasted very much like the same way.

GIFTS.

Water set, 3 pieces, Mr. and Mrs. H. Williams (parents); trio of tin cups, Uncle Sam Hopkins; silver syrup pitcher, Howard Beadles; ten urn, Miss Mattie Bear and Agnes Houseman; cake pan, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Fountain; cranberry tray and brush, Mrs. R. C. Hamsher; stew pan, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Connard; egg beater, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Wells; copper bottom tea kettle, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hopkins; decorated cake chest, Miss Emma Williams; flour sifter, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Dawson; dust pan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Boardman; granite tea urn, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Patterson; granite stew kettle, Robt. Fountain; tin flute, Orion D. Hopkins; lard can, W. T. Beadles; jelly mould, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Scott; spice box, Mrs. O. Hamilton and daughter; coffee urn, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Stickle; decorated cup, Miss Lula Hopkins; Eureka stew pan, Mary and Del Williams; Dover egg beater, Mrs. Kate Beadles; waiter, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Connard; decorated bucket, Mrs. M. E. Hopkins; salver, Alverda Scott, tin horn, Bob Fountain; copper bottom wash boiler, H. Hopkins and Beadles; harmonica, Will Williams.

A Valued Gift.

The REPUBLICAN has received a photograph plate from the Travelers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., giving the portraits of a number of the leading journalists of the country. The collection includes the portraits of Thurlow Weed, James Gordon Bennett, Whitelaw Reid, Chas. A. Dana, W. F. Story, Joseph Meddell, Joseph R. Hawley, Victor F. Lawson, Oswald Ottendorfer, Murat Halsted, Henry Watterson, Geo. W. Childs and R. M. Palaifer. The plate is a work of art, and for a personal interest in the subjects it will have a permanent value. "The Travelers' Insurance Company" has issued over \$30,000 accident policies, and paid \$3,000 claims for fatal or disabling injuries—amounting to \$5,300,000. It has in force \$22,000,000 regular life insurance, and has paid over \$2,000,000 in that department. Cash assets, \$5,441,000. Surplus, \$1,656,000.

About Raab.

The Journal states that a respected German citizen of Springfield asserts that Raab, the state superintendent-elect, is not an infidel, but is, on the contrary, a very moral and worthy gentleman. He also asserts that though he has known him for 20 years, he has been so non-partisan as to not indicate whether he was a Republican or Democrat. Since Mr. Raab has been elected, and is to be entrusted with the public school interests of this state for the next four years, it is earnestly to be hoped that the judgment and good opinion above expressed, may be confirmed throughout his official career.

THERE will be a legal fight in court next month before Judge Smith to secure the release of Mrs. Davis from the county jail, where she has been in custody since she was arrested on the charge of assaulting Jack Lahey. She claims to have no property, and therefore cannot pay the fines assessed against her. The "Idlewild" property which she claims is owned by her daughter in Kansas, is held in trust for the People by order of the supreme court of Illinois by State Attorney Johns.

MARRIED.

At the residence of James Jordan, on Nov. 15, 1882, by Rev. C. Powell, Mr. FRANK M. JAMES, of Jacksonville, Ill., and Miss EVA JOHNS, of Blue Mound township, this county.
In this city on Wednesday evening, Nov. 15, 1882, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Aaron Meisendorfer, by Rev. J. B. Dwyer, pastor of the First M. E. Church, Mr. SYLVESTER D. MCLEAN and Miss MARY MEISENDOFFER, both of Decatur, Ill.

In this city on Thursday evening, Nov. 16, 1882, by E. McGOWAN, J. P., Mr. BENJAMIN WALSH, JR., and Miss MOLLIE NEUBAUER, both of Decatur.

In this city, on Nov. 17, 1882, by Thomas H. Albert, J. P., Mr. JAMES BELDEN, of Terre Haute, Ind., and Miss MARY SHARP, of Decatur, Ill.

DIED.

In Oakley township on Nov. 16, 1882, of typhoid fever, Mrs. A. L. BACON, aged 73 years.

Cloaks, Looms, and Misses' and Children's Cloaks.

In unsurpassed variety, and embracing everything new and nobby. Don't pay two or three profits when you can buy goods second to none in the market at one small living profit. See, and by all means examine and price our garments before buying.
Big 18. CHEAP STORE.

For Sale.

A small and well-selected stock of hardware and stoves, in a good town near this city. For particulars apply to
MORSEHOUSE, WELLS & Co.
Nov. 9-d&w

SPREADING OUT BIG.

IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENTS AT THE UNION IRON WORKS IN PROGRESS.

Brief mention was made in these columns yesterday that improvements of more than ordinary importance to the business interests of Decatur were in progress on the grounds of the Union Iron Works, at the corner of East William and Morgan streets. The proprietors of the works are Messrs. James Millikin, J. W. Russell and C. C. Burroughs. Last evening a REPUBLICAN reporter visited their extensive establishment and made a few notes of general interest to our readers, all of whom are concerned in the material growth of the manufacturing enterprises in Decatur. The large brick buildings have become too small for the rapidly growing business of the firm, and it has become necessary, though winter is nearly at hand, to enlarge the establishment in order that the firm may be enabled to fill its orders that come from all parts of the country. The ground west of the present buildings is being cleared of iron and timber to make room for a separate foundry structure, 45 feet wide and 60 feet long, which is to be erected at once. The old foundry department, 50x60 feet in size, will be converted into machine and storage rooms, and to accomplish this a flooring will have to be put in to form a second story, as the old foundry was one room from the ground up to the top of the second story building. The large frame storage house which stood at the rear of the office will be removed around on the west side of the works and will front on William street. The new foundry will be a frame with solid brick foundations, and will be built on the north and west side of the grounds, within ten feet of the alley.

These expensive changes will more than double the capacity of the works, and will furnish employment to 45 or 50 more men—making a total of about 90 employees.

The great specialty of the firm is the manufacture of various sizes of the celebrated "Western Corn Sheller," so popular with millers everywhere. The firm, besides doing all sorts of foundry work, will also soon re-engage in the manufacture of steam engines. When all of the changes planned are perfected, the bookkeepers, Alex. Montgomery and Will Carter, will have a new and more comfortable office in the west end of the brick building, on the ground floor, fronting on William street. It is designed to have all the improvements alluded to completed within a few weeks.

At Liberty.

The party who played the wagon tongue supporting swindle on a cousin of Justice Corley, of this city, is thus referred to in the Sullivan Journal of this week:

The Thompson swindling case came up last Thursday before Justice Lee. The prisoner waived examination, and on depositing \$550 with Attorney Ewing of Decatur, that gentleman signed the bond as security for his appearance at the coming term of the circuit court. The bail was fixed at \$500. Several other warrants had been sworn out against him and were placed in the hands of Sheriff Linder for execution. But by the return of their notes and efficient cash to pay for expenses and time, those who had been duped by the rascal agreed to withhold prosecution and Thompson left the jail and vicinity Monday to pursue his thieving elsewhere.

LADIES' Kid Button Boots, soft, light sole, at
April 15-d&w

Dress Goods—Just in.

The most popular brands of James town Mohairs, Genstar Cloths, double warp Shiraz Cloths, etc.
Big 18. CHEAP STORE.

16-d&w

CARDIGAN JACKETS, Woolen Underwear and Gloves, to suit everybody, at Decatur's One-Price Clothing and Merchant Tailoring House, corner of Old Square.
Nov. 13-d&w

C. F. Bachman & Bro.
If you wish to get value received call on C. F. Bachman & Bro. They keep a full line of Bed Room Suits, Parlor Suits, Book Cases, Mattresses, Spring Beds, Chairs, etc. Also the celebrated Superior Cook Stove, the best in the world; every stove fully guaranteed. Remember the place and give them a call. Sign of the Big Elephant, south of the Park.
April 7-d&w

OUR NEW FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF CLOTHING is now ready for inspection. You are cordially invited to call and examine. CHEAP CHARLEY, Manufacturer of Fine Clothing.
Sept 7-d&w

Griggs' Glycerine Salve.
The best on earth can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Storer.
[April 3-d&w]

Drop in on us informally at any time. We are always at home, and promise you before hand a hearty welcome.
CHEAP CHARLEY,
Lender of the Clothing Trade.
Sept 7-d&w

SHELLABARGER'S patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour sold here. dec18d&w

SEE our line of Overcoats and Ulster-ettes. You will save money. Decatur's One-Price Clothing House, corner of Old Square.
nov13-d&w

OUR PRICES are THE LOWEST, and our stock is the Largest, Newest and Best. Come and we will prove it.
Sept 7-d&w CHEAP CHARLEY.

PERSONAL MENTION.

H. M. Whitmer will start a tile factory at Jacksonville, near the coal shaft. He has purchased necessary ground at a cost of \$1400.

State's Attorney Johns is busy preparing for the work that will engage his undivided attention at the session of the circuit court, which will begin on Dec. 4th. John L. Sullivan has signified his intention of accepting Tom Allen's challenge to fight for \$2500 a side. The agreement will be signed on the 20th.

William Warren, Sanford Young, Peter White, William Holley, and others will see that the colored cooks' banquet and ball, on Dec. 27th, proves successful.

Chas. P. Housum on a recent visit down east purchased one of those old-fashioned clocks for his home. It is over six feet high and is now in position at the Housum residence.

Emery Bankson, late editor of the Sullivan Journal, has accepted a position with Geo. W. Davidson, dealer in the "New Home" sewing machines, south side old square. Mr. B. takes to the business as naturally as a duck does to water.

Lincoln Herald. Wm. E. Dukes is improving mentally and physically. He stints about the house and is quite sane. Occasionally he is overcome by excitement while looking over his books, but the agitation passes away after a brief rest. His parents and brother returned to their home in Indiana last week.

John Sutter, who is the prosperous proprietor of a popular barber shop and cigar store at Tuscola, was in the city last evening visiting his brother Joe and greeting his many friends here. John is one of the best artists with a razor in the west, and Tuscola citizens ought to be, and doubtless are, proud of him.

Dr. W. J. Huff met with a painful accident at Macon one day this week. He got aboard a train to seat a lady and while he was in the car the train began to move. The doctor in jumping off fell and broke his left collar bone. He was attended by Dr. Sturgis. Dr. Huff now carries his left arm in a sling.

Don't Forget

That we are in the corset business, and rather on a large scale. We carry no less at any time than 1,000, and as we buy direct from the manufacturers, we can afford to sell you a first-class corset for a very little money. CHEAP STORE.
Big 18. 16-d&w

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

"THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen.
Jan. 31, '82 to March 1, '83.

Kidney Complaint Cured.

B. Turner, Rochester, N. Y., writes: "I have been for over a year subject to serious disorder of the kidneys, and often unable to attend to business; I procured your BUNDOCK BLOOD BITTERS, and was relieved before half a bottle was used. I intend to continue, as I feel confident that they will entirely cure me." Price \$1.00. 14

A Novel and Perfect Cure for Scrofula

Salt Rheum, Cancer, Etc.
A discovery has recently been made which adds lustre to the Nineteenth Century. It consists simply in an extract from the Red Clover Blossom, as extracted by J. M. Looze & Co., Monroe, Mich., who have gone into the business largely in order to supply the increasing demand. For sale by Dr. A. J. STONER.

A slight testimonial:

TOLDO, OHIO, Jan. 17, 1882.
J. M. Looze & Co., Monroe, Mich.:
Gentlemen—My wife has for some time been afflicted with something like a scrofulous disease, and found no relief until she gave your Extract of Red Clover a trial. I am happy to say she has experienced great relief. This is but a slight testimonial of my appreciation of your efforts in behalf of humanity, which you are welcome to use for their benefit. I am very respectfully,
Feb. 3, 1882-d&w

B 4 0 Buy call and Cour Styles and Prices.

Sept 7-d&w

We defy the world to beat us on low prices and variety. FLEURY, the French Cutter, corner of Old Square.
Nov. 13-d&w

Durable, Stylish, Perfect

The Weekly Republican.

Entered at the post office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THE bears seemed to have had things pretty much their own way on the New York stock board yesterday. The so-called "granger shares" and those of the antitrust coal roads were particularly depressed, and the brisk war in freight and passenger tariffs in the northwest added to the general weakness of the market.

Some candidates, when they find themselves defeated, quietly accept the situation and go about their business as though nothing unusual had happened. There are others, however, who fail to see the true cause of defeat, and try to console themselves by prating about voters being bought, employers bulldozing their workmen, and "fraud in the count." But the people are hard to fool in this little matter.

If the Republican majority in the present congress fails to admit Dakota as a state, that thriving territory may expect to remain out in the cold for the next two years, at least. At the recent election the Republicans carried every county in the territory, the aggregate majority being about 25,000. The Democrats will easily find some excuse for keeping out such a state with its two Republican senators.

Among the newspapers are beginning to discuss the religious status of possible presidential candidates. Gen. Sherman having been mentioned as an available man for 1884 by Col. Ingersoll, the Cincinnati *Civille* hastens to say that he is a formal adherent of the Catholic Church. We cannot recall a campaign when the church relations of presidential candidates were not made a subject of discussion, but there has never yet been a president whose efficiency was in the least degree impaired by his religious professions.

There is a fair prospect now that the ancient troubles of the "state" of Macopin will be settled. A compromise has been agreed between the attorneys of the bondholders and the board of supervisors. This compromise will be submitted to a vote of the people. The proposition is this: To issue to the bondholders bonds running twenty years (payable at the option of the county after two years), drawing six per cent. interest, to the amount of the face of the original bonds and simple interest from the time of default, eleven or twelve years ago. All things considered this is a very fair and equitable adjustment.

It seems that in the third senatorial district, in Chicago, where Judge J. B. Bradwell was defeated for representative, there is a discrepancy between the number of names on the poll book and the number of votes returned by the judges of election—something like the state of affairs that exists in the first ward of this city. In the Chicago case, however, there are not "100 lost votes," but on the contrary about a hundred lost voters—that is, there are 100 more votes returned for representative than there are voters on the poll book. In this case the appearance of fraud on the part of the election board is quite apparent, the discrepancy being sufficient to change the result. Judge Bradwell proposes to make a contest before the house of representatives.

RETURNS of the recent elections in New York, nearly all official, show a total vote of 906,597. The total vote for president in 1880 was 1,472,225. Cleveland's majority is 193,991. His total vote is 538,291. That for Hancock in 1880 was 331,511; for Garfield 555,544. Folger's vote for governor this year is 342,303, or a falling off of 220,518 votes from the number he received in 1880 for chief judge. The returns fail to show the great upheaval in favor of Democracy that has been claimed by the Bourbon press. Cleveland received less than 1800 more votes than Hancock did in 1880, notwithstanding his great personal popularity. The vote shows evident dissatisfaction on the Republican side, and a staying-at-home on the part of over 200,000 voters who would not vote for Folger but who could not make up their minds to swallow the Bourbon pill.

The Review of this morning talks about "taking such action as will secure to the Democracy their rights"—referring to the disputed election returns from the first district of Decatur. This palaver of the Review is hardly intended for home consumption, everybody about here knowing that no attempt has been made by any one to deprive the Democrats, or anybody else, of their rights. The bluster of the Review is meant for effect elsewhere, among people who do not know the circumstances. The board of election in the first district had among its members two of the most intelligent and well posted Democrats in the ward—men who know enough to hold an election legally, and who are entirely too acute to permit the others on the board to make a fraudulent or mistaken return. It is possible, of course, that the whole board may have been mistaken, but if this were true the fact furnishes no reason for violating the plain letter of the law in order to correct the error. When the judges made their return they were no longer competent to correct any error that might have been made in the count. After the canvassing board had completed their labors and forwarded the abstract to the secretary of state the county clerk's functions as an election officer ceased, save that he remained the custodian of the ballots and other papers, which neither he nor anybody else has a right to examine even, except as the statute provides in case of a contest. It would be establishing a most dangerous precedent to allow anybody to examine the ballots after they have been returned to the county clerk. The law throws about the ballot of the citizen greatest sanctity, and provides the against every possible violation of the secrecy which it may be desirable to maintain, and for this reason it prohibits under the heaviest penalty every opportunity of a comparison between the ballots and the poll-book. Lost some injustice might be done, however, the interests of candidates are also thoroughly guarded, and provision made for a verification of the count in case of a contest. If any man thinks he has been fraudulently or erroneously deprived of an office to which the people elected him he has his remedy, and if Dr. Miller takes the course opened to him by the statute nobody will utter a complaint. What the people object to is the attempt to ascertain the result of an election by resorting to means which are not only unknown to the law, but absolutely prohibited by its provisions. Nobody has attempted to deprive the Democracy of their rights, as the editor of the Review very well knows.

The judges and clerks of the late election in the first ward have an opinion that there was an error in the return, they made of the votes received by each candidate. According to their idea they neglected, in the hurry and excitement of the occasion, to take into count the straight Democratic ballots found in the box, which numbered in the neighborhood of 70. These were all straight tickets, according to Mr. Thomas and Mr. Williams—the two clerks—and, therefore, could not affect the result in any way. It is possible that this mistake was made, but no sensible person has for a moment imagined that there was any fraud in the matter, although the defeated candidate for senator has made a good many insinuations about the necessity of having "a fair count." It is now reported that legal steps will be taken to have a recount of the ballots, to which no one can have the slightest objection. There is one legal way to do this and the only reason why anything has been said in opposition to a recount was because the plan which it was proposed to adopt was illegal and in every way objectionable.

The official returns from the entire state of Illinois show that the total vote cast for the Republican and the Democratic candidates for state treasurer was 475,105, of which General J. C. Smith, Republican, received a majority of 5,445. The entire vote for the Republican and Democratic candidates for state superintendent of public instruction was 474,953, of which Raab, Democrat, has a majority of 2,777.

Afraid of the Democrats.
A special to the New York Tribune from Scranton, Pa., dated Nov. 16th, has the following significant information:

The Lackawanna Iron and Coal company, one of the leading iron industries of the country, has closed one of its large rolling-mills and has ordered the suspension of a large number of its workmen. Its other works are to be run on half time from to-morrow. The company gives as a reason for its action a desire not to accumulate surplus stock in the face of the Democratic congress of 1883. Upward of 3,000 men are affected by the order.

The Bourbon press can now go to work to show that this great corporation has voluntarily decided to abandon a profitable business out of pure spite.

The failure of the state house appropriation at the late election has started afresh the bitter warfare between Peoria and Springfield, and the papers of these two cities are vilifying each other with a vigor that would do credit to a couple of London fishermen. Can the papers in question find nothing better to engage their attention? The people certainly do not enjoy the discussion, and it had better be abandoned for the good of all concerned. The Springfield people have but little to boast of in the matter of the new state house. They succeeded in having the building located at a point where its main front is obscured by a railroad bridge and its southern elevation cut off by a filthy alley and a lot of stables. The building itself is a most miserable sham in many of its features, and is in no sense representative of the magnificent commonwealth that built it. But it is the people's house, notwithstanding, and ought to be finished, even at the expense of another half million. There is no economy in allowing it to go to ruin, and there would be still less in attempting to build another state house at some other place. The people have other and more important questions to engage their attention, and other and more pressing demands for their money than the building of a new state house every few years. There are enough men in the state who are willing to hold all the offices even in an unfinished capitol building, and the damp and muddy situation of the house is not sufficient to cut short the army of candidates who biennially show a readiness to sacrifice themselves upon the altar of the state legislature. Springfield people can well be left to the cheerless contemplation of an unfinished state house, since it was the greed and recklessness of the local commissioners which created the prejudice in the minds of the people that has twice resulted in the defeat of the appropriation to complete it. But the people of the state owe it to themselves and their own sense of state pride to do the best they can to rectify what was a mistake from the beginning. It is too late to think of removing the seat of government; it would cost too much money: it would create too much strife; it would open too many sources of corruption. Better would it be to expend the money necessary to put the present edifice into a comfortable condition and give it a presentable appearance. This cannot be done for another two years, and it is the extreme of folly to start a discussion upon the matter so long in advance of the time when it can be settled. The Springfield papers should remember, too, that the least they say about the matter the sooner will the people vote the appropriation necessary to complete it. Whether the feeling be right or wrong it is, nevertheless, a fact, that there is a violent prejudice against Springfield among the people of the state, and that feeling will never be allayed through the influence of Springfield people. The force which is to neutralize that prejudice must come from the outside.

Now the Mormons see "the land of God" in the result of the late elections. They say it is a judgment upon the Republican party for having passed the Edmunds bill to oppress "God's chosen people."

The woman—Theresa Sturla—who shot Charles Stiles, the caller of the Call Board, at the Palmer House, in Chicago, last July, is now on trial in the Criminal Court, before Judge Gardner, for murder.

The Oil Fields of Illinois.

The territory to the eastward of the city limits has assumed the appearance of a section of the Pennsylvania oil fields in the midst of a boom. Six derricks with their tanks, engines, and other appurtenances just now serve to diversify the landscape, another is in course of construction, and timbers are on the way for two more. The McWilliams Oil company is at present displaying more activity in developing new wells than any one else, having just completed the derrick for a third one, the drilling of which will begin next week, and will sink another as soon as that is finished. In an interview with Mr. R. Paden, the secretary of the company, we learned the method in which the new wells will be sunk and the oil pumped. A single boiler will be used for the four wells, which will be located in the centre of the square on the corners of which they are placed. The fuel will be supplied by the gas from the two wells now in operation. These will be pumped alternately, and the work of drilling carried on at the same time. This ingenious arrangement reduces operating expenses to the minimum, and the stockholders with good reason are fighting on some extensive dividends. The company sold this week fifty barrels of oil to the car company at a good figure, and have made a number of smaller sales. They also have received several offers for their whole production, but have not yet closed a contract with any one. Mr. L. C. Van Vleet expects soon to commence sinking a well on the old fair grounds just east of the McWilliams wells, and another the location of which has not been fixed.

The Career of Kellogg.

William Pitt Kellogg is elected in Louisiana, the only Northern man who has enjoyed an unbroken Southern career in office since the fall of New Orleans nearly twenty years ago. Collector of that port, Governor twice, Senator and now Congressman, he vindicates at least the sagacity of President Lincoln, who found him a delegate to a State convention in Illinois, and made him Chief Justice of Nebraska, Brigadier General, and almost the first Republican steward in the South. He kept his seat in the Senate when Louisiana had been lost to the party by the consent of President Hayes. Kellogg is a clergyman's son from Montpelier, Vt. His wife had one brother in the rebel and one in the Federal army. His old associate, Packard, is still the highly respected Consul of the Government at Liverpool.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND HAS BEEN REVIEWING BEN BUTLER.

He makes the following good point on him: Few who now applaud Butler remember that he was the open defender of Oakes Ames in congress during the Credit-Mobilier matter; that he was the lion in defense of the back pay, and that beat him and drove him out of congress; and that when President Johnson was asking congress to be a little considerate about its reconstruction policy, Butler was one of those who drove him to the wall, captured the impeachment committee, and did the whole flourish at the impeachment trial. Not long after the impeachment scheme was over Mr. Blaine said to me one day: "If it had not been for Butler, do you suppose the impeachment trial would have been anything above burlesque?" It was Butler who put the dramatic element into that, of almost all things he ever went at. His career in congress was stormy. He knew how to operate that body with its committees, its caucuses, and on the floor. He had a formidable repartee, and was always on the aggressive, and between a laugh and a thrust, he generally made his point. With a certain generosity on the outside of congress, he had not much inside.

Given Away.

We cannot help bringing the liberal offer made to all invalids and sufferers by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. You are requested to call at Hubbard & Swearingen's drug store and get a Trial Bottle free of cost, if you are suffering from Consumption, Severe Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hay Fever, Loss of Voice, Hoarseness, or any affection of the Throat or Lungs. It will positively cure you.

The official returns in Indiana give the republican candidate for secretary of state 210,169 votes, the democratic 220,978, and the greenback candidate 13,120. Democratic plurality 10,809. Republican and greenback vote over democratic 2-320. In 1880 the republican vote was 239,164, the democratic 225,528, the greenback 12,986.

Worthy of Praise.

As a rule we do not recommend Patent Medicines, but when we know of one that really is a public benefactor, and does positively cure, then we consider it our duty to impart that information to all. Electric Bitters are truly a most valuable medicine, and will surely cure Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Stomach, Liver and Kidney Complaints, even where all other remedies fail. We know whereof we speak, and can freely recommend them to all.—Each. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Hubbard & Swearingen.

The Originator of the Spoils System.

Who originated the spoils system as an American political factor is a question on which people differ. Andrew Jackson is said by some to have the strongest claim to that doubtful honor. William L. Marcy's critics urge that he is most to blame. Jefferson and the Adamses have been condemned for its introduction; while a rigid before the war Democrat will say that Alexander Hamilton is the scapegoat on whom this burden of iniquity should be laid. President White, of Cornell University, tells us that Aaron Burr was the founder of the system. Considering that our present form of government is less than a hundred years old, it will appear to many that the diversity of opinion on this point is unaccountably great. Nevertheless, it is no wider than that existing in regard to the inventor of the locomotive. History is a very fascinating and profitable study, but it is about as far from being an exact science as can well be conceived.

HON. WASHINGTON H. BUSHNELL is a lawyer of Ottawa. Recently he was a witness in a law-suit, and one Henry Mayo was an attorney on the other side. Mayo proceeded to put Mr. Bushnell through the usual course of witnesses: that is to say he cross questioned him, abused him, intimated that he was swearing to a lie, that he was the real culprit and that his family was no better than his deserts, he would long since have been lodged in the penitentiary. If Mr. Bushnell had been a private citizen, he would have been forced to endure all of this in silence, and would have got off the stand, thanking his stars that it was no worse, and firmly resolving that he would not be caught in such a scrape again if he could help it. But Mr. Bushnell was not a business man. He belongs to the profession of attorneys, and having been behind the scenes, rightly judged that he knew something about the rights of attorneys and witnesses. So when the suit was over he assaulted Mr. Mayo, and borrowing a revolver, hunted Mayo with such persistence that the friends of the latter were obliged to run him out of the city and hide him until the wrath of the great man had cooled. Private and humble citizens will make a note of this, and the next time that a witness is unduly badgered by an attorney, it will be well for him to follow the precedent set by Mr. Bushnell, and searching out the offending attorney, make a target of him. What is sauce for the goose in Ottawa is certainly a condiment for the gander in other places. Mr. Bushnell has been attorney general for the state of Illinois, and is recognized as a legal light of influence, and an authority whose precedents are not to be overlooked.

For the last few days this mundane earth of ours has been experiencing a remarkable series of electrical disturbances, greater than was ever known before. This will give our scientists a fine chance to investigate the theory of these phenomena, and try to find out just what connection, if any, they have with the sun spots. The whole subject of electricity is yet in its infancy and the most that is known, is that we know nothing at all about it. For instance any one standing very long in the vicinity of an electric light machine, find that the interior of his watch is so magnetized, that the wheels are rendered useless. His knife in his pocket away from the machine some feet and never touching any part of it, will in like manner become a magnet, so that the large blade will readily pick up a carpet tack; we have never seen anything to account for this. Beyond the fact that electricity will convert a piece of soft iron into a magnet as long as it is applied, and when the current is broken the iron loses its power, we know little or nothing of the mysterious influence that forms such a large part of the forces of nature. The telegraph, the telephone and the electric light are dependent upon this one fact. What other wonders will rise to astonish the world and advance the cause of civilization when the full power of this subtle agent is discovered, the imagination can only guess. It seems to be at the root of all life and as it is certainly the agency of all motion, what other part it plays in the divine economy one can only conjecture. We have already by its aid outstripped the wildest dreams of Eastern poetry and the wonders of the Arabian nights does not meet one-half of the realizations of this new servant of man.

Misses' and Children's Cloaks.

Some of our more observing customers assert that we have the best and most complete assortment of misses' and children's Cloaks of any house in the city, while we can say and claim with equal truthfulness—the very best in quality, the prettiest in styles and by far the lowest in price.

Report of Eldorado School.
Number enrolled at close of month, 28; per cent of attendance, 95; average daily attendance, 24; names of pupils who have been neither absent nor tardy, Sallie Herman, Flora Baker, Ida Herman, Lillie Wheeler, Ella Wheeler, Mattie Nicholson, Tommie Herman, Ira Pettibone, Daniel Herman, Willie Fiebigler, Carrie Wheeler, George Weaver. The highest grades in the monthly examination were as follows: Arithmetic, Eichinger and Rett. Hunter, 100; grammar, Mattie Nicholson; 98; geography, Mattie Nicholson and Ella Wheeler, 99; spelling, Pettie Dresbach, Bertie Davis, Ella Wheeler and Mattie Nicholson, 100; history, Mattie Nicholson 100. Highest average, Ella Wheeler, 98.37. Low 48.97.

TRUE Temperance

Is not signing a pledge or taking a solemn oath that cannot be kept, because of the non-removal of the cause—liquor. The way to make a man temperate is to kill the desire for those dreadful artificial stimulants that carry so many bright intellects to premature graves, and desolation, strife and unhappiness into so many families.

It is a fact! Brown's Iron Bitters, a true non-alcoholic tonic, made in Baltimore, Md., by the Brown Chemical Company, who are old druggists and in every particular reliable, will, by removing the craving appetite of the drunkard, and by curing the nervousness, weakness, and general ill health resulting from intemperance, do more to promote temperance, in the strictest sense than any other means now known.

It is a well authenticated fact that many medicines, especially "bitters," are nothing but cheap whiskey vied concocted for use in local option countries. Such is not the case with Brown's Iron Bitters. It is a medicine, a cure for weakness and decay in the nervous, muscular, and digestive organs of the body, producing good, rich blood, health and strength. Try one bottle. Price \$1.00.

DR. JOS. HAAS' HOG AND POULTRY REMEDY.

READ PROPOSITIONS.

1st.—When the remedy is used as a preventive, I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 2d.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 3d.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 4th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 5th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 6th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 7th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 8th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 9th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased. 10th.—I will find that it will keep the hog and the poultry from becoming diseased.

WHAT IT WILL DO.

1st.—It will put your hogs in such a fine condition as to catch such a fine cure as they have never before. 2d.—It will give them an appetite, enabling you to feed them on short notice. 3d.—It will make them properly assimilate their food into meat. 4th.—It will give them a good appetite, enabling you to feed them on short notice. 5th.—It will make them properly assimilate their food into meat. 6th.—It will give them a good appetite, enabling you to feed them on short notice. 7th.—It will make them properly assimilate their food into meat. 8th.—It will give them a good appetite, enabling you to feed them on short notice. 9th.—It will make them properly assimilate their food into meat. 10th.—It will give them a good appetite, enabling you to feed them on short notice.

20 MERCHANT STREET,
Sept. 28—d&wly NORTH OF OLD SQUARE.

The Weekly Republican.

ESTABLISHED at the post office at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

It is now in order for the newspapers and correspondents to proceed to elect a successor to David Davis. It has been popularly supposed that the legislature had something to do with the question, but that appears to be a mistake—it all belongs to the newspapers.

Over in Ohio the Democrats, crazy over their recent victory, are bringing out a wheelbarrow load of candidates for governor, and a whole steamboat cargo for the other state offices. They seem to have learned nothing by experience, still clinging to their old notion, that a single swallow makes a summer.

THE Hon. Jos. E. McDonald is early in the field with a policy. He says: "The tariff must be reduced to the revenue standard; taxes must be levied only for the support of the government." Commenting upon this, the *Hartford Courant* says: "There is food for thought here. We wish the wage-earners and wage-payers of Connecticut who voted the Democratic ticket last Tuesday a good appetite and a correspondingly vigorous digestion."

The newly-chosen Illinois legislature will meet Wednesday, January 3. The joint caucus of Republican senators and representatives, to nominate a candidate for United States senator, will meet within a week or ten days afterwards. Each house will ballot for a United States senator separately on Wednesday, January 13, and on the next day the two houses will meet in joint session to elect the senator. Should the joint session fail to make a choice on that day, it will have to meet again from day to day, taking at least one ballot at each joint session, until a choice is had.

The announcement is authoritatively made by the *Bloomington Pantograph* that Hon. Thomas F. Mitchell will not be a candidate for speaker of the house of representatives. One of the reasons given for this unexpected determination is the fact that Lieut. Gov. Hamilton is a McLean county man, and is also spoken of as a possible candidate for United States senator, and Mr. Mitchell's candidacy for the speakership would, under the circumstances, be an exhibition of swinishness that would shock the modesty of any McLean county man. Who will dare say again that the kingdom of McLean wants to apportion all the offices among its own statesmen? And who will be so bold as to assert that the political millennium is not approaching with the most marvelous rapidity?

The November corn report of the department of agriculture at Washington shows that the prospect of a corn crop up to July 1 of this year, was very discouraging, but it steadily improved under the extraordinarily favorable weather until ripe, the late frosts giving it plenty of time to mature. The average condition was eighty-three in September and eighty-one in October. In 1881 the average condition of the corn crop fell from ninety in July to sixty-six in October, making a decrease in the crop of 450,000,000. The average yield per acre according to the present returns is nearly twenty five bushels. The average yield per acre in 1880 was twenty-eight and a tenth bushels; and for ten years previous from 1870 to 1880 it was twenty-seven bushels per acre. The acreage in corn in the United States this season is between 65,000,000 and 68,000,000, which according to the average by the November returns, gives an aggregate crop of about 1,650,000,000 bushels. The product of Illinois is estimated at 209,000,000, which is 23,000,000 greater than Iowa, the next largest. The quality of the crop is superior throughout the southern states, and beneath the standard of one hundred in only eighteen states and territories.

CONGRESSMAN CALKINS, of Indiana, is of the opinion that the next Republican ticket for President and Vice President will be Ben Harrison, of Indiana, and Robert T. Lincoln, of Illinois.

If it were not so supremely silly it would be intensely amusing to hear the Democrats talk of the "irremediable disaster" experienced by the Republican party in the late elections. One of their favorite expressions is to say that the party in power has been "buried under an avalanche of indignant popular sentiment such as has never before been witnessed in this country," and they complacently lay to their souls the flattering anction that the "popular avalanche" means the final overthrow of the party that has ruled the country for nearly a quarter of a century. Very superficial must their knowledge of political history be to lead them to such a conclusion, and yet it is but another evidence of the fact the Bourbon spirit still controls them: they continue to learn nothing with the greatest ease. How often has the Democratic party been "buried under an avalanche of indignant popular sentiment" since it was driven from power in 1860? And did it quietly lie in the grave it had dugged for itself? Has it not had administered to its anatomy a sound spanking regularly every four years, not to mention the terrible castigations of numerous "off years" besides? And has it not continued to bob up serenely when the next election came around, just as though its cuticle were not a mass of welts and scars? With this sort of experience in their own case one would naturally suppose that they would not look upon a single knock-down as a final victory. But that would not be in keeping with Bourbon methods of thought.

THE other day we had something to say about the exceeding modesty which had caused Tom Mitchell to retire from the speakership contest, but it seems that the whole thing was based upon a misapprehension. The *Springfield Post* of yesterday knocks the whole matter in the head in the following paragraph, which appears to be by authority:

Hon. Thomas F. Mitchell, of Bloomington, is in the city to-day. His attention was called by the *Post* reporter to a recent dispatch from Bloomington published in the *Chicago Tribune* to the effect that he would not be a candidate for speaker of the thirty-third general assembly. He expressed himself as surprised that such a statement should be made. He declares himself a candidate for that position and will be until the matter is decided. "If Lieut. Gov. Hamilton does live in Bloomington and is a prominent candidate for United States senator, that nothing to do with me," so says Mr. Mitchell.

We take it all back, but how can we ever have confidence in human statements again?

We thought our neighbor of the *Review*, in the bitterness of his soul, would finally fall back on his old apology for defeat the Democrats sold their votes. Now, aside from the insult that he thus seeks to throw upon the rank and file of his party, it ought to occur to him that this excuse is getting a little stale, having done duty as a scapegoat for many years. If his words are to be believed the Democratic voters of Macon county have been selling their votes at every election that has occurred here in a dozen years. According to the testimony of this leader of the Democratic party in Macon county, that organization is made up in large part of an impetuous set of mercenary wretches, whose votes are in the market, ready to be delivered to the highest bidder. We never had as bad an opinion of the Democrats as that.

Iowa must yield the Republican banner for 1882 to her young neighbor, Dakota, which "beat all out doors" at the late election, electing John B. Raymond as Delegate to Congress by a majority exceeding 25,000. For a Territory, and in an "off year," that was doing splendidly.

THE *Review* is considerably exercised about what it calls the Republican slash fund, but is exceedingly quiet over its own fifty-cent assessment. Let our neighbor pull the beam out of his own eye before he undertakes to tamper with the Republican vote.

IRELAND will be well represented in the next American Congress. It has been ascertained that at least twenty natives of the Green Isle were elected to Congress at the recent elections. The British Lion will have to look out now.

THAT RE-COUNT.

The talk about making a re-count of the votes in the first ward has started the inquiry as to what right anyone possesses under the law to make such re-canvass.—The election law is explicit on the subject, as will be seen by the following, being section 59, chapter 48, of revised statutes:

All the ballots counted by the judges of election shall, after being read, be strung upon a strong thread or twine, in the order in which they have been read, and shall be carefully enveloped and sealed up by the judges, who shall direct the same to the officer to whom by law they are required to return the poll books, and shall be delivered, together with the poll books, to such officer, who shall carefully preserve said ballots for six months, and at the expiration of that time shall destroy them by burning, without the package being previously opened. Provided, if any contest of election shall be pending at such time in which such ballots may be required as evidence, the same shall not be destroyed till such contest is finally determined.

From the above it will be seen that no one has any right to open the ballots after they have been returned to the county clerk, except in cases of contest, in which event the law provides the manner in which the re-count shall be made. Any other opening of the ballots than this would be plainly illegal. If any candidate has reason to believe that the count was not properly made he has his remedy in a contest, but until regular proceedings have been instituted no one has any right to open the ballots which have been sealed up and placed in the custody of the county clerk.

THAT CONTEST.

The *Lincoln Journal* of Friday insists that there is "intense excitement" in Macon county over "one hundred lost votes" in the first ward of Decatur. As a specimen of wild writing the following, from the paper in question, rather captures the bakery:

In order to sift the case to the bottom the late democratic candidate for county treasurer has filed appeal papers and purposes to have the precinct mentioned thrown out. Should this take place the election of Mr. Crocker and part of the ticket in Macon county is in peril. The reasons for charging fraud at that poll is, heretofore has given a heavy democratic majority, but this year a wonderful change occurred, the republicans receiving as large a majority as former democratic ones. These are the reports in circulation and are supported by a letter from a prominent lawyer and politician of that county.

There are several statements in the above which ought to be corrected. In the first place, the late Democratic candidate for county treasurer has not "filed appeal papers," whatever that may mean, and if he should decide to make a contest it would not do him any good, even if he should find all of the "one hundred lost votes," and have every one of them counted in his favor. It would just take 304 "lost votes" to give him a majority of one over Mr. Wood.

In the second place, if the precinct were thrown out it would not place the election of Mr. Crocker, or any part of the county ticket in peril. No candidate on the Republican ticket would be defeated if the entire vote of the first ward were erased from the record.

In the third place, the ward has not heretofore given "a heavy Democratic majority." For ten years past the ward has steadily given a Republican majority, as the following will show, the candidate named for each year being the head of the Republican ticket:

1872—U. S. Grant . . . 117 majority.
1874—Geo. S. Ridgeway . . . 111
1876—Geo. M. Wood . . . 95
1878—R. B. Hayes . . . 83
1879—S. F. Greer . . . 29
1880—J. C. Smith . . . 50
1881—Geo. M. Wood . . . 123
1882—James A. Garfield . . . 73
1882—John C. Smith . . . 176

In 1873 there was no Republican ticket in the field, and in 1881 there was no election, as all will remember. It is true that the Republican majority is greater this year than ever before, but the vote was largely in excess of any ever cast in the ward before, and the increase was mostly on the Republican side, as it was in every other ward in the city.

If the *Journal* has any more reports supported by letters from a "prominent lawyer and politician" of this county, its editor had better be careful in putting too much confidence in them.

HEADQUARTERS MILLINERY!

Mrs. K. Einstein's

LARGEST AND FINEST

Millinery Goods

NOTIONS

Ever Shown in Decatur, at
Prices That Cannot be Surpassed

NO. 28 East Main St.

MRS. K. EINHSTEIN

FLEURY'S
WA-HOO
TONIC.

Nature's Great Remedy for
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
CONSTIPATION,
KIDNEY TROUBLES,
SKIN DISEASES,
GENERAL DEBILITY.

Purely Vegetable and undoubtedly the very best Alternative, Diuretic, Laxative, and Tonic, ever offered to the public. Its action upon the system is wonderful, and never fails to give perfect satisfaction. Put up in full quart bottles. Price, One Dollar. Sold by all Druggists.

"You'll find it liver encouraging, Kidney persuading, a silent perambulator. Mild as a pet lamb, searching as a fine tooth comb. It don't go fooling around, but tends strictly to business, and certain as an alarm clock."

FLEURY MEDICINE CO.,
Springfield, Illinois.
July 6, 1882.—d&wt

Korsmeyer & O'Neill,

Prarie St., two Doors East of Post
Office, Decatur, Illinois.

Offer this season the

BIGGEST BARGAINS

—IN—

Breech Loaders!

EVER HEARD OF.

Having contracted early last winter for our stock of guns direct with the manufacturers, we were obliged to order in very large quantities in order to get them at regular jobbers' prices. Our guns are therefore made to our express order, and we are now enabled to sell

First-Class Custom Made Guns

—AT—

WHOLESALE PRICES,

Thus saving to our Customers

FROM 20 TO 30 PER CENT.

which would otherwise go into the pockets of the jobbers. Come in and examine our stock and prices before purchasing. It will pay you. Send for price list.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING

Done promptly, and warranted.

Residences fitted up with hot and cold water fixtures and the latest improved Self-Regulating Steam Heating Apparatus.

Agents for the WARELL FIRE CLAY COMPANY'S GLAZED SEWER PIPE.

July 21—d&wtmo

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT TRADE MARK.

ENGLISH.

REMEDY.

An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spontaneous Emission, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a consequence of AFTER TAKING.

Self-Abuse, as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dizziness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, or will be sent free by mail on the receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

On account of counterfeits, we have adopted the Yellow Wrapper; the only genuine. Sold in Decatur by Henry Smith. [may 24/82]

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$5 sent free. Address H. H. FLEURY & CO., Portland, Maine.

Portland, Maine.

WE HAVE

A GREAT MANY NEW GOODS
THAT PARTICULARLY COM-
MEND THEMSELVES TO
THOSE IN SEARCH OF

WEDDING PRESENTS!

We show you many goods not to be found elsewhere in this city, and at prices so much lower than you can buy them in larger cities, that you are sure to be pleased.

200 PAIRS OF

BRACELETS!

New Styles, and will be sold cheap.

Our Store will be open until 8 o'clock p. m., and 9 o'clock Saturdays, from December 1st until after the holidays. Respectfully,

O. E. Curtis & Co.

Oct. 20—d&wt

Decatur's One-Price Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Establishment.
HERE WE ARE!
WITH A FULL AND NOBBY LINE OF
Overcoats and Ulsterettes!
For Boys, Youths and Men. For infants—say from two years up—we show the
Largest Line of SUITS AND OVERCOATS in the City.
And defy the world to beat us on LOW PRICES AND VARIETY. Woolen Underwear, Cardigan Jackets, Silk and Woolen Scarfs, Gloves and Hosiery, and Fur Muffs.
FLEURY, THE FRENCH CUTTER, Corner of Old Square.
MERCHANT TAILORING.



LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST

No buyer of CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, &c., can afford to pass in his fall and winter supplies without looking through the

IMMENSE STOCK

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING

EXHIBITED AT

B. STINE'S, THE BOSS CLOTHIER!

JUST THINK OF IT!
OVER 1,000
OVERCOATS
AND
ULSTERETTES.
"ARE THEY CHEAP?"
We would ask you to look through the stock of our competitors, learn their prices and if saving money is an object with you, please let us show you we can do, and your own judgment will give us the preference.



REMEMBER

B. STINE, the Boss Clothier!

Is reliable and trustworthy.

Oct. 23, 1882—wif

LENN & SCRUGGS

Offer Special Bargains in

Silk, Cloth and Plush Wraps.

HIGH NOVELTIES

DRESS GOODS!

Marked down from one-third to half their value.

TRIMMINGS, VELVETS, PLUSHES, SILKS,
Ribbons, Dress Trimmings, Handkerchiefs, and
an Elegant Assortment of Neckwear.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CASSIMERES,
Blankings, and Housekeeping and Winter
Goods of every description.

NEW

CARPETINGS,

WALL-PAPER,

Oil Cloths, Matting, Window Materials and
Lace Curtains.

An incomparable stock and assortment of Hosiery,
Gloves and Corsets.

Gent's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Satchels, Pocket
Books and Umbrellas, in which the purchaser
can save from 20 to 40 per cent at

LENN & SCRUGGS.

Nov. 13—d-wif

KAUFMAN & RANDOLPH,

REAL ESTATE,

INSURANCE AND LOAN AGENTS,

Office over Decatur National Bank.

Have these and many other Farms on their large list of Real Estate, for Sale or Exchange. No charge for information or showing land.

80 ACRES good prairie land; house 1 1/2 story, 7 rooms; good orchard; fenced on three sides; located in Christian county, 4 miles north of Rosemond, on the L. and St. L. railroad. Will trade or sell on easy terms.

320 ACRES nice land; good dwelling, hedge, wells, &c.; between Latham and Warrensburg. See it.

120 ACRES of good rich land, well improved, nearly all in cultivation; house 6 rooms, 1 story; barn room for 8 horses; 3 wells; good orchard of all kinds of fruit; over 200 bearing grapevines. Will take Decatur property in exchange.

80 ACRES farm; 2-story brick house of 4 rooms; barn, good cellar, well, good orchard, 50 peach trees, 100 grape vines, pear and cherry trees. All well fenced; good outbuildings; farm well tiled; land A No. 1; 1/2 miles from Harrison.

80 ACRES in Putt county, Illinois, on Chicago and Paulina R.R., 4 miles from Bement; all under cultivation; good rich soil, lies well and is one of the best 80's in Putt Co.; good orchard, nice maple grove; dwelling and stable on place. Will sell on easy terms.

30 ACRES in Blue Mount township, all in cultivation; 1 1/2-story house, 24x16, 2 rooms; barn room for 1 horse; small orchard, plenty of small fruit; 6 miles from Decatur.

240 ACRES, small house of 3 rooms; good barn, corn pen, good orchard, good well, fence all around, 50 acres in grass; good well fenced land; 4 1/2 miles from Dalton City, Illinois.

76 ACRES, good house, large new barn, never failing spring of water; school house on place; 2 1/2 miles from Decatur.

40 ACRES, 2 miles from Lake City, Ill.; all nice tillable rolling land. Will sell or exchange.

80 ACRES nice prairie land near Blue Mount, Ill.; lies well, and is a very desirable 80. Will sell on terms payments if desired, or exchange for stock.

320 ACRES, nice well improved farm; good 2-story house; new barn; land nearly all drained; good neighborhood; 1 1/2 miles from station; school house close.

220 ACRES, 3 1/2 miles from Mt. Zion; well improved; 2-story dwelling in good repair; good barn, 40x18; all well fenced; running water; 2 good wells; a splendid stock farm.

96 ACRES, 3 1/2 miles from Decatur; 50 acres under cultivation and 15 acres good heavy timber; 2-story house, new barn, large orchard, and good saw mill on farm.

40 ACRES timber land 5 miles from city, all in cultivation but 3 acres; all fenced; new house of 2 rooms, smoke house, good stable, spring of never-failing water. Land new.

200 ACRES, 120 prairie, 35 cleared timber, 45 in timber; 2 houses, one 2-story, 7 rooms—one 1-story, 3 rooms, buttry and porch, both as good as new; pretty well fenced with rails and hedge; brick smokehouse; cellar; 3 orchards; 8 good wells; lies pretty well; 3 miles from Argenta.

18 ACRES near Warrensburg; large 2-story frame house with 12 rooms, good cellar; barn room for 8 horses; good outbuildings; splendid orchard and an abundance of fruit of all kinds; nice place for gardening purposes.

45 ACRES; house 24x28, 1 1/2 story with 6 rooms; 100 bearing fruit trees; small barn and outbuildings; well and cistern; farm fenced in 3 fields; near school house; 4 miles from Decatur.

230 ACRES, nearly all in cultivation, 120 acres good rich creek bottom land; house 1 1/2 story; good cellar, well, cistern, barn, living water; nice sugar maple grove; plenty of fruit; young orchard; 6 miles from city.

22 ACRES cleared timber land; good soil, suitable for fruit raising or gardening; 2 miles from Decatur.

295 ACRES—275 acres of fine prairie, 20 acres of timber 2 miles from farm. All cultivated. Fenced in 40 acre fields; two-story house, large barn, other outbuildings; maple grove 20 years old; good well, &c. Situated near station.

100 ACRES, nice farm, fair buildings, two-story frame house, 1 1/2 story house, well fenced, small orchard, 85 acres in cultivation, 15 acres in timber pasture; about 5 miles from Decatur.

45 ACRES about 2 miles from city limits; fine house and barn; orchard of about 20 bearing trees, living water, plenty of small fruit; 1/2 mile from school house. Will sell on payments and take city property in exchange.

120 ACRES prairie land in good neighborhood, near church, school and railroad, 12 miles from Decatur.

535 ACRES well improved land, divided into 3 farms; 1 1/2 story house and barn on each; all nice and well drained. Will sell separately or all together.

KAUFMAN & RANDOLPH, Agents.
April 13, 1882—wif

JAMES PYLE'S



PEARLINE

THE BEST THING KNOWN

FOR

Washing and Bleaching

In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water.

SAVES LABOR, TIME AND SOAP. AMAZINGLY EFFECTIVE. Should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers. BEWARE of imitations well designed to mislead. PEARLINE is the ONLY SAFE labor-saving compound, and always bears the above symbol, and name of JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK.

Aug. 25, 1882—d-wewoy

THE New York Evening Post says: "The Republican leaders should indulge in no delusion about it: the people have begun to become tired of the Republican party as it has been for some years. What is needed and what the people demand is a party with new aspirations and aims, as well as with a new organization." If the Post had added "a new organization, with Carl Schurz at the head," it would about have covered the little scheme of the writer.

W. H. VANDERBILT has hit on a scheme to be charitable at a very small outlay. His fine gallery of paintings will shortly be thrown open to the public for one day in each week during the winter. A small admittance fee will be charged, the proceeds to be devoted to charity.

The Washington Critic formally nominates Gen. John A. Logan for president in 1884. The Critic gives the following reasons for its preference:

1. The candidate must be a man on whose personal integrity there can rest no shadow of doubt—John Logan fills the bill.
2. The candidate must be a Republican of incontestable antecedents, and of such attitude toward respective factions that neither can find a pretext for bolting his nomination or halting in his support. John Logan is the only man of that attitude that we can think of whose rank among men entitles him to consideration as a Presidential possibility.
3. The candidate must be a man whom the ex-soldiers of the late Union army love and whom the ex-soldiers of the late Confederate army respect. John Logan fills the bill.
4. Above all, he must be a man who does not lie, or sneak, or make false promises, or deal in subterfuges, or sacrifice two friends to conciliate one enemy or turn on great public questions; who is not tricky, or slippery, or treacherous, or two-faced, or ungrateful; in short, he must be a man who will be to the torn and distracted Republican party of 1884 what Andrew Jackson was to the demoralized and discouraged Democratic party of 1828. If John Logan is not that man we do not know where the Republican party can look for him.

Speaking of the recent Democratic victory, the New York Tribune says:

Of course, no action can be taken at the coming session of the present Congress, but when the new Congress opens in 1883, with its large Democratic majority, it is not improbable that the first organized Democratic movement of the body will be a murderous raid upon the present protective system. This will be eminently characteristic of the Democracy. They can never restrain themselves from discounting the future. They will act now just as they would if they had already elected a President in 1881. The mark of conservatism and moderation will be thrown off, and a proclamation of general impending destruction will be issued at once. This is well. No Republican will find fault with such a plan of action. It will give the whole Republican party genuine pleasure to see the new Congress organized with a rampant free trade spirit, who should make up the committee in the interest of tariff reform only. After that there would be no doubt about the ending issue in 1884.

"No Republican can find fault with that plan of action," provided the Democratic party is beaten in the Presidential election of 1884. But if they begin to "discount the future" and make "a murderous raid upon the protective system" as soon as the next Congress assembles, to be followed by the approval of the people in the election of Mr. Arthur's successor, there would be such a depression in business as has not been known for years. Half the manufacturing establishments in the country would probably be idle, and free trade legislation would extinguish the fires of every furnace. If the Democrats in the next Congress will only give the country a good dose of revenue reform, the people will see to it that they do not elect the next President.

It is a truth that happiness is not the result of accident. This is especially true of happiness in the home. No tender flower should be cultivated more assiduously than should the home by the father and mother—that every open door should invite inward their children. Young people demand recreation and amusement. To wisely blend these with practical duties and make home the fairest spot and the fullest of pleasant memories is a rare art. And it is worth the best efforts of the best men and women. A home full of children, dutiful, loving, honest, industrious and temperate, is far better than bonds and stocks and gold. The evenings begin rapidly to lengthen. Fathers, mothers, what are you doing and what plans have you laid to make home bright and attractive to the young folks?

There are still a number of undecided congressional districts, but it is safe to state that the Democrats will have a majority of at least sixty-five in the house of representatives at the opening of the first session of the next congress in December, 1883. This majority will be swollen to about 100 by deciding contested-seat cases in favor of Democratic contestants. In many districts the Democratic candidates came only a few votes short in the official count, and it is safe to predict, with our knowledge of the bulldozing spirit of Democratic politicians, that in all such cases the Democratic candidates will contest the seats and be given them, right or wrong. It is believed that the seats of at least seventy Republicans of the next congress will be contested.

A Gentle Voice.
Our enterprising druggist, Dr. A. J. Stoner, has secured the agency for the sale of Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which has no superior for coughs, colds, consumption, whooping-cough, and all throat and lung diseases. To prove to you it has no equal, call at A. J. Stoner's drug store and get a bottle free.

How Coin Is Shipped.

Gold crosses the ocean pretty much as does every other kind of freight. The kegs in which it is packed—"specie kegs," as they are called—are made of extra hard wood. They must have an extra iron hoop, and their workmanship must be above the ordinary. Specie is not thrown loosely into a keg, nor, upon the other hand, is it carefully wrapped in tissue paper and piled up, one coin upon another. The keg serves only as a protection for canvas bags into which the gold is placed in the ordinary hit-and-miss fashion of pennies in a Jersey farmer's wallet. The canvas of these bags is especially stout, and the ends are sewed particularly strong. Into each bag goes \$5,000, and ten bags fill each keg. So that each keg that rolls out of the Bank of America is worth the round sum of \$50,000, plus the cost of the cask itself and the value of a yard or two of rough canvas. In the interests of security each keg is treated to what is technically known among the shippers as the "red taping" process. At the end of the keg, in the projecting rims of the stave above the head, are bored four holes of equidistant intervals. A piece of red tape is run through these holes, crossing on the head of the keg, and the ends finally meet in the center. At the point of meeting the tape is sealed to the keg's head by hard wax, bearing the stamp of the shipper. Any meddling with kegs must break the tape or wax, and so on the trip across the ocean it is an easy matter to watch the valuable consignment and detect any attempt to interfere with it.

Propositions Decided.

(Springfield Journal, 10th.)

It has been concluded for some two or three days past that the proposition for completing the State House was defeated at the late election, and that for ceding the Illinois and Michigan Canal, adopted; but it has been difficult to determine just how the vote stood. Some of the counties have not yet reported, and some of those which have, omit a statement of the total vote for State Treasurer, leaving a possibility that the Prohibition, Greenback and scattering vote on that office may not have been reported in some instances; and, in order to settle the point the Secretary of State yesterday sent out circulars to the Clerks of all the counties in the state, asking such totals to be sent in over a certificate.

The total vote, however, is known for all the counties except Cook, with the exception of the possible discrepancy referred to above, and gives the following result:

Vote for state treasurer.....406,507
For ceding the canal.....292,381
For finishing state house.....182,221

The vote of Cook county is probably about 83,000; but there is no likelihood that the state house proposition has made any important gain there, and as the entire vote for state treasurer is certainly in the neighborhood of 500,000 that measure is clearly lost. The proposition to cede the canal has enough in its favor, without knowing the Cook county vote, to place its adoption beyond question.

In Place of Hops.

Oil and Drug News.

Owing to the small crop of hops, the price has been advanced to \$1 per pound and upward, and as this price is higher than some of the brewers can afford to pay and compete with their successful rivals, they have cast about for a substitute, and have purchased largely of chamomile flowers and columbo root, and this extra drain on the ordinary supply has sent the price of these articles to an extraordinary high figure. As these articles advanced, the brewers have been obliged to look further, and some of them have secured quantities of aloes. These purchases have in many cases been made under cover of an agent.

GENERAL SHERMAN'S prospective retirement will not affect his income, as he will continue to receive a salary of about \$15,000 per annum. He has also a handsome revenue from his real estate. He will take possession of his house in St. Louis now rented out, in June next, and thereafter make that city his home. His family will not probably leave Washington before November of next year, as some alterations, including a new story, are to be made to the St. Louis house.

The question being asked this early is, "Which of the two will the Democrats select for their Presidential candidate for 1884, Cleveland or Butler?" It seems to be a necessity that one of them be chosen, and it is hard to tell which has the greater strength, owing to the anomalous circumstances securing their elections to gubernatorial places. Wouldn't it be well to double them up? Cleveland and Butler would be a good ticket to bury.—Inter-Ocean.

THE New York Evening Post says that the man whom the Democrats have elected County Clerk in New York "cannot legibly write his name."

PANA, Ill., Nov. 17.—This morning a fiendish case of outrage on an innocent young girl was brought to light, which is a good match for the well-known crime committed against Miss Emma Bond, which is still fresh in the minds of every citizen of Christian county. The facts are as follows: Miss Lena Zinn, a young lady about 20 years of age, left her home in Mattoon yesterday afternoon, on the Indianapolis and St. Louis railroad, to visit some friends in Beardstown. The train being about an hour late, she found on arriving at this place that she had missed connection here and could not get out of here until this evening. Being short of funds, only having money enough to carry her through to her journey's end, she did not know what to do. The ticket agent, taking pity on her, gave her permission to remain in the depot all night, for which she was very thankful. About dark a young rough named John Kellar, came to her, and representing himself as a policeman, told her that she could not remain there, and unless she found other quarters that he would arrest her and lock her up in the station. At this another young rough named Wm. Coulter, put in an appearance, and representing himself as a runner for a hotel, told her to come with him and he would give her lodgings at the hotel free of charge. Being almost destitute and readily believing what these fiends told her she willingly accompanied young Coulter, never dreaming that he meant to do her harm.

Coulter and she started off together, followed closely by Kellar. Coulter told her that his hotel was in the eastern part of town, and took her in that direction until they reached the east school building. There he forced her into one of the outbuildings and Kellar soon came up and went into the building and committed the crime. They were followed from the depot by a young man named Wm. Kreeger, who, when he found what their intentions were, turned back and gave the alarm, but before assistance could arrive they had accomplished their desire and fled. The young lady swore out a warrant for their arrest, and this morning they were arrested and placed in jail. The examination was set for this afternoon, but when the culprits found what strong evidence was against them they waived examination and were placed under \$1,500 bonds to await the action of the grand jury, which meets at Taylorville on the twentieth.

Excitement has run high in this city all day, and threats of lynching could be heard on all sides. The people of this county are disgusted with the law, and feel that the only way that they can have justice done is to take the law in their own hands and mete out the just punishment that they deserve. This outrage, occurring so soon after the horrible outrage on Miss Bond, has caused a revival in the excitement in that case, and a great many people look forward to the coming term of court with a great deal of concern, and would not be at all surprised to have a first class necktie party. The prisoners will be taken to Taylorville in the morning, and confined in the county jail until after the trial comes off.

The official returns in Pennsylvania give Beaver, Republican candidate for Governor, 310,460 votes; Pattison, Democrat, 300,153; Stewart, Independent, 48,602. In 1881 the Republican vote was 287,924, Democratic 258,261, Independent 40,981. It will be seen that while the Republican and the Democratic vote was greatly increased, there was a falling off in the Independent vote. What a commentary this is on the claim of the Independents that Stewart would receive as many votes as Beaver. He did not receive one-sixth as many votes, and if the Independents did not vote direct for the Democratic candidate they are losing instead of gaining ground in Pennsylvania. If the Independents did vote for Pattison on the theory that if they voted for Stewart, Beaver would be elected, they made a concession in the nature of a compliment to Beaver and an acknowledgment of the weakness of their own cause.

In 1878, Hoyt, Republican, had 219,490 votes for Governor; Dill, Democrat, 207,137; Mason, Nationalist, 81,758, and Lane, Prohibitionist, 3,759. The Republican loss of 9,000 votes added to the surplus third party vote of 1878 makes up the increase in the Democratic vote. Had the votes of Stewart gone to Beaver, the latter would have had a majority of 8,907.

The other day the work of completing the Santa Fe line to the Pacific Ocean was accomplished by driving a silver spike into a mahogany tie at Guaymas, on the Gulf of California. The event was announced to President Strong, at Boston, 3,500 miles away, by a flight of lightning over uninterrupted wire, the longest circuit ever undertaken by daylight.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 18.—Senator-elect Riddleberger, of Virginia, is in the city. In his private conversation he gives no encouragement to those Bourbons who think that the Virginia Readjusters will aid the Democrats in reorganizing the Senate after March 4. Upon the subject of reorganizing he says: "I suppose there will be no difficulty about that. The Republicans will reorganize it without any difficulty, as they will have a majority of two over the Democrats without the aid of the Independents."

"Who are the Independents who will do the great Independent act in the Senate after March 4, Senator?" "Myself and Senator Mahone."

"Do you call Senator Mahone an Independent?" "Oh, yes. He is not a Republican, nor is he a Democrat. He is a Virginia Readjuster, who votes and acts with that party which most nearly accords with his views on those questions which most interest his immediate constituency. So far, with the Republican party he has thus acted."

"How about yourself, Senator?" "I shall act independently in all matters of legislation. I shall not tie myself to any party. I shall vote and demean myself in the Senate so as to, in my judgment, best serve my country, regardless of party or factions. My greatest desire is to see a united, happy, and prosperous people. I have no enemies to punish or friends to reward. I belong to no faction, and shall not hamper myself by joining in the disputes and differences of either party, but, as I remarked awhile ago, exercise my own judgment on all questions and vote accordingly."

Mr. Riddleberger further indicated that he thought it probable that George C. Gorham would be elected Secretary of the Senate, and he will undoubtedly be one of Mr. Gorham's most earnest supporters.

Friends of Senator Ferry say that Jay Hubbell is now determined to devote all his energies to defeat Ferry's re-election to the Senate, and that he is now busy himself in collecting facts and figures to prove that Senator Ferry is a "boss" and a liberal distributor of patronage.

Representative Dunnell, too, is said to be still busy circulating photographs of Senator Windom's Washington residence, and to have sent here for a large number of copies of the speech of Senator Ingalls, in which Mr. Windom's financial policy as Secretary of the Treasury was attacked.

Senator Voorhees gives the Democratic keynote as to civil service reform. He is reported here as having said that the Democrats are pretty certain of success in 1884 that Indiana is safely anchored as a Democratic state; and, referring to the civil service bills, that he will vote for none which gives the present occupants of Federal offices a lifetime tenure.

TAYLORVILLE, Ill., Nov. 20.—The meeting of the grand jury to day had the effect of bringing quite a crowd of strangers to town, and their probable decisions on the several well-known crimes that have been committed in Christian county during the past few months have been the theme of conversation all day. Judge Phillips arrived on the 1 o'clock train and proceeded immediately to the court house, where the grand jury was awaiting him. After going through a few preliminaries, the court was adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m., when instructions would be given to the jury. Long before that hour arrived the court-room was filled by an eager crowd anxious to hear the charge to the jury. The judge was very explicit in his instructions and earnestly admonished them to act conscientiously, and without fear or hope of reward. He spoke of the mob that took the supposed Bond outragers out of jail, and urged them to investigate the matter closely. This caused quite a flutter of excitement throughout the assemblage, as there were hardly any present but what had a hand in the affair.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Nov. 20.—The total vote for governor in the recent election, as received by the state department, is as follows: Pattison, dem., 355,791; Beaver, rep., 315,589; Stewart, ind., 43,743; Armstrong, greenback and labor, 24,484; Pettit, prohibitionist, 5,190; total vote, 743,892. Pattison's plurality is 40,202. This is the largest vote ever polled in the state with the exception of the presidential contests of 1876 and 1880.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 20.—The secretary of state has received official returns from all the counties in the state except Cook. These show a total 214,102 votes for General Smith for state treasurer, and 208,999 for Orondorf; 210,530 for Stratton for superintendent of public instruction, and 210,538 for Raab. Including the reported vote of Cook county Smith has a majority of 5,475, and Raab 2,889.

TAYLORVILLE, Ill., Nov. 21.—Quite a sensation was caused to-day by the report that Miss Emma Bond would arrive in town this afternoon to be ready to appear before the grand jury to testify against the parties accused of the heinous outrage on her.

Miss Bond arrived this afternoon, accompanied by her father, A. D. Bond. They went immediately to Mr. Abner Bond's in the eastern part of the city, where they will remain during their stay in Taylorville. Their presence here was kept as quiet as possible, but a correspondent, hearing of it, went to Mr. Bond's to ascertain if the report was true. Mr. A. D. Bond, the father of the young lady, said that his daughter had stood the journey of eight miles remarkably well, and, excepting feeling somewhat fatigued, she had sustained no injury. He said he could not express his joy over the improving condition of his daughter, and says that he has more and stronger evidence against the accused and felt confident that they would be convicted. The people of this community join with Mr. Bond in earnestly hoping that the perpetrators of this fiendish crime will soon meet the punishment they deserve.

The grand jury to-day found an indictment against Wm. Coulter and John Kellar, charged with outraging Miss Lena Zinn, at Pana, on last Thursday night.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—The Philadelphia iron and steel men do not believe the reports from the interior and the west mean a general depression in that industry. Every rolling mill in the city is running on full time, and there is no prospect of a reduction of the working time.

At the monthly meeting of the proprietors of the rolling mills of the city yesterday, the price of iron for the ensuing month was fixed at 25 10 per pound, a reduction from the last fixed rate in February of 2-10ths of a cent. According to the schedule of wages agreed upon in 1878 between the manufacturers and workmen, the reduced price of iron brings the workmen's wages down 5 per cent. This reduction will go into effect on the first Monday in December.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 21.—Complete official returns have now been received by the secretary of state from all counties in the state of the late election. They give the following result: for state treasurer, Smith (Rep.), 254,542; Orondorf (Dem.), 249,067. For superintendent of public instruction, Stratton (Rep.) 250,276; Raab (Dem.), 253,115. Smith's plurality, 5,475; Raab's plurality, 2,889.

Boston, November 21.—A judgment was recently obtained against Rev. J. A. Ames, a well-known Methodist preacher of this city, for money borrowed by him which he has neglected to pay. An execution was issued but the reverend gentleman has left for a warmer climate, leaving his creditors to whistle for their money. Ames preached at the South End on Sundays and kept a fashionable boarding-house during the week. But both church and boarders are now unsupplied, as the minister has gone South to escape the annoyances of a Massachusetts civil process. His creditors would be glad to welcome him back home again.

The municipal affairs of New Orleans appear to be in very bad shape. The independent political committee is making great progress in unearthing frauds, it is reported, and have already shown that the two Councilmen from the Eleventh Ward were not elected, but simply counted in. The clerk of the court has secreted important papers to thwart an examination into the condition of other wards, and is likely to get into jail for contempt. The Chief of Police resigned Saturday, and there are now but fifty policemen in the entire city, and, as one official remarked, civic affairs seem to be going to the devil. It is expected the new Council will take charge at noon to-day.

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, ss.
Macon County,
In the Circuit Court, December Term, A. D. 1882.
SARAH A. PURDY vs. LAVINIA L. PINCH.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the said Lavina L. Pinch that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the clerk of the Macon County Circuit Court, dated the second day of November, A. D. 1882, at the suit of the said Sarah A. Purdy, and against the estate of the said Lavina L. Pinch for the sum of six hundred and 00-100 dollars, directed to the sheriff of Macon county, which said writ has been returned, and now, therefore, now, therefore, you, the said Lavina L. Pinch, shall personally appear and appear before the said Macon County Circuit Court on or before the first day of the next term thereof, to be held at the Court House, in the city of Decatur, on the first Monday of December, A. D. 1882, give special bail and plead in the said plaintiff's action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said Sarah A. Purdy, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs will be sold to satisfy the same.
D. C. CONLEY, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Nov. 16-23w

MORPHINE AND WHISKEY
Habit easily cured with my DOUBLE
MONOCHLORIDE OF GOLD
REMEDY. 5,000 cures. Books FREE.
E. M. REELEY, M. D.,
Surgeon C. & A. Railroad, Dwight, Ill.
Oct. 25-23mo

WHAT WILL THE WEATHER BE TO-MORROW?

Pool's Signal Service Barometer

OR STORM GLASS AND THERMOMETER COMBINED, WILL TELL YOU!

It will detect and indicate correctly any change in the weather 12 to 48 hours in advance. It will tell what kind of storm is approaching, and from what direction—invaluable to navigators. Barometers can plan their work according to its predictions. Since 50 times its cost in a single season, it has an accurate thermometer attached, which allows the observer to see the combination of temperature and barometric pressure. This great WEATHER INDICATOR is sent to the most eminent Physicists, Prof. J. A. Smith, of the University of Chicago, and Scientific men of the day to be the BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Thermometer and Barometer are put in a nicely finished mahogany frame, with silver plated trimmings, etc., making it a beautiful as well as useful ornament. We will send you a sample one, delivered free, by express, in a box of order, on receipt of \$1, or six for \$5. Agents are making rapid sales, and daily selling them. A trial will convince you. Order at once. It sells at \$1.50. For the long to sell to buyers, merchants, etc. Invaluable to everybody. U. S. Postage Stamps, taken in good order, but never forwarded. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for Circular and terms.

Address all orders to **JOSEPH T. POOL, 101 N. W. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.**

Largest establishment of the kind in the world (New York, Chicago, St. Louis, etc.) Write your Post Office, County and State plainly, and send by money order, or check, New York or elsewhere, at one rate.

This will make a Beautiful and Very Useful Present.

READ WHAT THE PUBLIC SAY ABOUT IT.

I find Pool's Barometer works as well as one that costs \$50. You can rely on it every time. Capt. O. B. Rogers, Ship "Tallard," San Francisco. Barometer received in good order, and much say that the instrument gives perfect satisfaction in every respect. It is many times its cost, in fact, in fact, at two dollars. Geo. H. Parsons, M. D. R. O. Office, Detroit, Mich.

Pool's Barometer has already saved me many times its cost, in fact, in fact, the weather. It is a wonderful curiosity and works perfectly.

BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. None genuine without our Trade Mark, and signature of J. A. Pool on the back of instrument, as before.

J. A. Pool TRADE MARK

Every instrument warranted Perfect and Reliable. Size 9 1/2 inches long 3 1/4 wide. If not satisfied on receipt, the instrument, return it to once and we will refund your money. Please state where you saw our advertisement.

SPECIAL.

We received to-day Handsome Fur Trimmed

SILK DOLMANS

—AT—
\$15 AND \$16!

They are the Cheapest Goods ever shown in the village.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

Oct. 31-d&wt

NOTTELMANN & JACOBSEN,

Of Niantic, having lately moved into

THEIR NEW AND COMMODIOUS QUARTERS,

Call attention to their large and varied stock of

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, Etc.

Buying our goods strictly for cash, thus securing all trade discounts, and having had several years of personal experience in the greatest wholesale market of the West, we have every advantage in buying our goods. We aim to buy nothing but the most serviceable goods, and having few expenses, we CAN AND DO, SELL THEM CHEAPER THAN MANY OF OUR COMPETITORS. Call and see us, and we will save you money.

Niantic, Ill., Nov. 2, 1882-24w

10 Merchant St.

KEELER, the Hatter,

Will be found at the above location.

HATS!

GLOVES, UNDERWEAR,

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Call second door north of Heilman's grocery store.

Sept. 21-23mo

S. T. KEELER.

CHEAP BOOKS

—AT THE—

CITY BOOK STORE.

The Standard English Poets, neatly bound in cloth with gilt stamp at 60 cents each:

BYRON, SHELLEY, KEATS, MILTON, HEMANS, MOORE, WORDSWORTH, SACRED POEMS, COMIC POEMS, SHAKESPEARE, CAMPBELL, GOLDSMITH, WHITE, BURNS, COWPER, SCOTT, THOMPSON, CAMPBELL, POPE, TENNYSON, HOOD, DANTE, SPENCER, COLERIDGE, GRAY, BROWNING, COOK, CHAUCER, INGELOW, LUCILLE, &c.

A. J. WALLACE.
Nov. 14-d&wt
12 Merchant Street.



TRADE

Has been good, considering the warm weather. We sold a good many nice Suits, but now it has turned cold, and you want an Overcoat and some heavier Underwear, &c.

ALL I HAVE TO SAY IS:

COME AND SEE ME!

You know we are friends, and one friend must do something for another.

I AM READY!

CHEAP CHARLEY.

KAUFMANN & BACHRACH
MEN'S AND BOYS' Clothing!
Goods for Men's Wear
DECATUR
Factory—Chicago, Ill.

Not wealth, nor birth, nor rank nor state,
But GET RIGHT UP AND GET that makes men great.

SPECIAL CHEAP SALE

—OF—

BLACK SILKS

Velvets, Plushes, Fine, Medium and Cheap Dress Goods,

Commencing Monday Morning, Nov. 20th.

SHALL MAKE PRICES THAT WILL SELL THE GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

20 E. Main St., Powers' Block.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.

Nov. 20-d&wt

We carry the Largest Assortment of

WATCHES,

CLOCKS.

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,

And NOVELTIES in our line in Decatur. Our stock this fall is very large, and embraces many Styles found nowhere else in this city.

OUR PRICES ARE ALWAYS THE LOWEST

And all Goods sold will be

Guaranteed Just as Represented.

Do not buy anything in our line until you have seen our stock and learned our prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & Co.

DECATUR'S RELIABLE JEWELERS.
Oct. 30, 1881-d&wmo

VOL

LOCAL

Good M. Circuit

Purchas ties at Abe

Procure description

The coun Get your h

In futur by D. R. A the Presby

Mr. and City, Kans

res and fr An elega Nov. 28 d

Now pre Make out a 1st.

J. W. Ty becoming fa south side c

Get turke at Z. T. Pop opera block.

That \$5 door at the 2 temper pres ally admin

See Abel a at low prices the designs marked.

"Good Eve tation to sati small, who th way instead c

During th and Ward sp \$150 and had the W. C. T.

Lap robes at J. W. Tyle horse blanket

Gov. Cull proclamation elected as the tentative for

The Lincol purchased the in Lincoln, t \$2,000.

You can ge Pope & Bros. block.

DECATUR'S dent men and remarker "The factory to give when you die.

CAKE ORNAN Nov. 28 d&w

A Saturday Argenta Satur about twenty prizes; shot g shot, 10 cents.

SATURDAY J. M. Kelleher, t the action of t The hall was l osed giving a charged from

If twenty- three inches c will a cow gi turpise? Mult the hairs on t the product y turrip, and the

The new bri Decatur Gas c is to be used a and motor roo be placed in po The building c the super mado to be enlarg

SATURDAY J. S. Aiken and strangers, were highway robber W. H. Carrier.

To await the acti in default of ba county jail.

The Chicago ment has open summer mee 1883. Of the six olds, five for th all ages, with a added money.

Jan. 15, 1883, sweepstakes. In association open spring meeting and one for 1883.

Those celebra spring wagons, r sher, last longer

made an e better,

low prices. See wagon. His te

reasonable.